



TOWN BOARD WORK SESSION

September 23, 2024 - 5:30 PM

1st Floor Conference Room, 301 Walnut Street, Windsor, CO 80550

To view Town Board meeting broadcasts, visit
www.windsorgov.com/MeetingsOnDemand.

AGENDA

GOAL of this Work Session is to have the Town Board receive information on topics of Town business from the Town Manager, Town Attorney and Town staff in order to exchange ideas and opinions regarding these topics.

Members of the Public in attendance are asked to be recognized by the Mayor before participating in any discussions of the Town Board

WORK SESSION AGENDA ITEMS

1. New Employee Meet the Board
2. Downtown Parking and Master Plan Update - D. Eisenbruan, Long Range Planner
3. Liquor Licensing Legislative Update - K. Cinnamon, Deputy Town Clerk; K. Emil, Deputy Town Attorney
4. Future Meetings Agenda

The Town of Windsor will make reasonable accommodations for access to Town services, programs, and activities and will make special communication arrangements for persons with disabilities. Please call (970) 674-2400 by noon on the Thursday prior to the meeting to make arrangements.



MEMORANDUM

Date: September 23, 2024
To: Mayor and Town Board
From: Kevin Cornelison, HR Manager
Re: New Employee Meet the Board
Item #: 1.

Background / Discussion:

Employee Name	Position	Date of Hire	Department Head
Derek Ogden	Fleet Manager	06/10/2024	Brain Rowe
Larry Mjelde	Fleet Mechanic I	07/15/2024	Brian Rowe
Manny Arredondo	Fleet Mechanic III	07/15/2024	Brian Rowe
Anthony Kruzynski	Fleet Mechanic I	07/15/2024	Brian Rowe
Martin Brunner	Facilities Maint. Tech I	07/15/2024	Tara Fotsch
Natalee Gonzalez	Recreation Supervisor - Aquatics & Operation	07/22/2024	Tara Fotsch

Financial Impact:

Relationship to Strategic Plan:

Recommendation:

CC:

Attachments:



MEMORANDUM

Date: September 23, 2024
To: Mayor and Town Board
From: David Eisenbraun, Senior Planner
Re: Downtown Parking and Master Plan Update - D. Eisenbraun, Long Range Planner
Item #: 2.

Background / Discussion:

This work session is a joint presentation for both of the downtown projects.

Phase II of the Downtown Master Plan discusses future viable options and implementation strategies. To date, we have conducted interviews, analyzed the existing codes, reviewed case studies, and have started feasibility options for the Town.

The Downtown Parking Study summarizes the collection efforts and takeaways from the last few months, along with starting to address implementation strategies.

Once comments and direction have been received, materials will be revised accordingly for a joint open house on Thursday, October 17th at the Art & Heritage Festival from 5:30-7:30PM.

Financial Impact:

Relationship to Strategic Plan:

Recommendation:

Information Only

CC:

Attachments:

1. Windsor_Worksession_Deck
2. Existing Windsor Entitlement Processes
3. Downtown Infrastructure Assessment
4. Parking Spectrum of Alternatives



Windsor Downtown Master Plan: Next Steps

SEPTEMBER 2024

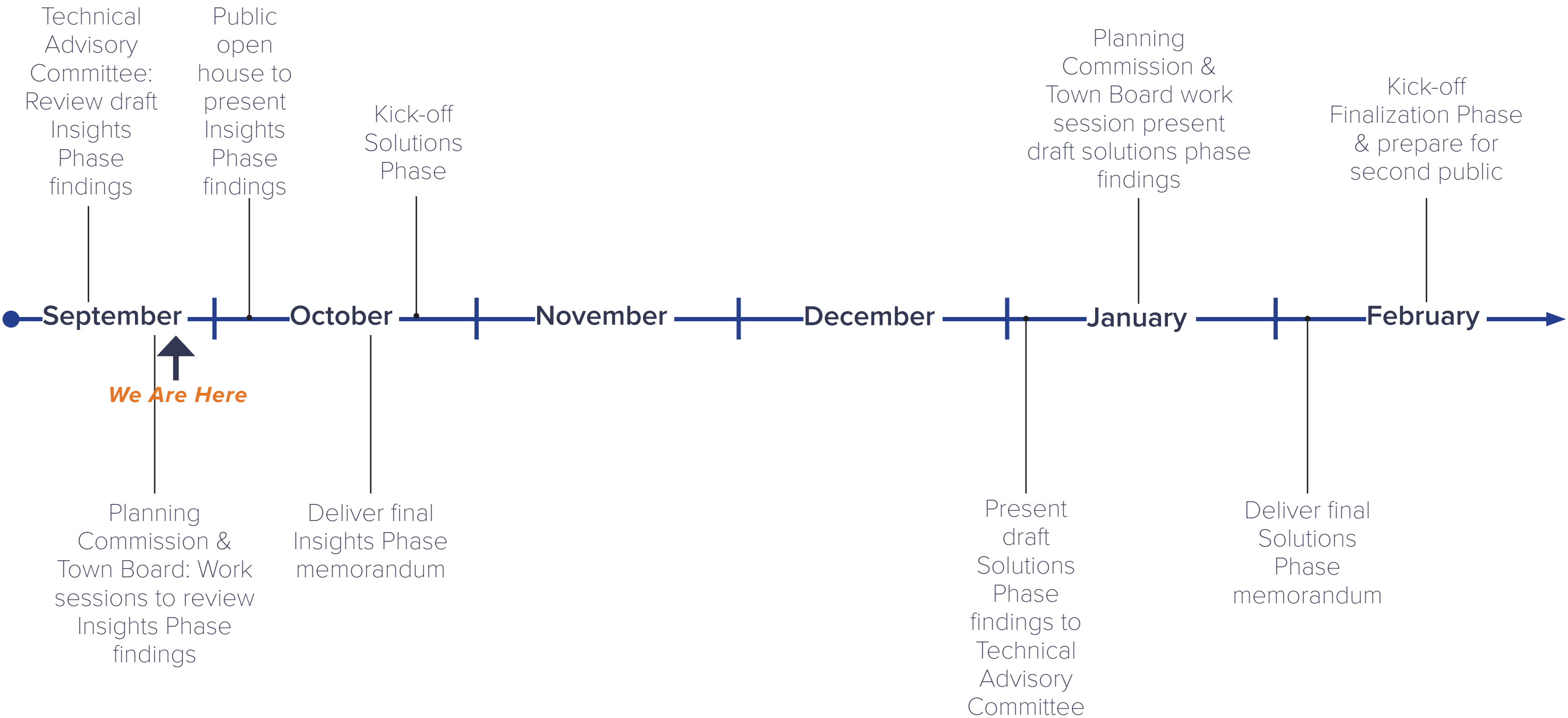


Insights Phase: **Where We Are**

Three Project Phases to Implement the Downtown vision: Insights | Solutions | Finalization



Insights Phase: **Where We Are: Insights to Solutions**



Insights Phase: Case Studies & Municipal Code Review



PEER-COMMUNITIES

GOAL: IDENTIFY BEST PRACTICES FROM PEER JURISDICTIONS AND LOCATIONS TO CONSIDER FOR INCORPORATION

COMMUNITIES

Downtown Arvada

Downtown Castle Rock

Downtown Greeley

Cherry Creek North

Downtown Fort Collins

ACTIONS:

Site visits to Arvada and Cherry Creek with the WDA and Town of Windsor staff

Review of applicable organizations and roles and responsibilities

Funding mechanisms

Operations

Entitlements and permitting

Planning and visioning

Insights Phase: Case Studies & Municipal Code Review



WHAT WE LEANED:
**DIRECTIVES
FOR SOLUTIONS
DEVELOPMENT
PHASE**

GOAL: USE FINDINGS TO
IDENTIFY DIRECTIVES THAT
WILL DRIVE SOLUTION
IDENTIFICATION

Zoning and Design Standards: Best expressed as visually-focused form-based codes.

Subdistrict's: Identification of subareas/districts is key.

Residential: Residential density is higher and an important aspect of economic vitality.

Stakeholders: Equitable partnerships are critical to the realization of Downtown visions.

Historic Character: Augment and balance historic preservation with modernization.

Insights Phase: Case Studies & Municipal Code Review



WHAT WE LEANED:

**DIRECTIVES
FOR SOLUTIONS
DEVELOPMENT
PHASE**

GOAL: USE FINDINGS TO
IDENTIFY DIRECTIVES THAT
WILL DRIVE SOLUTION
IDENTIFICATION

Parking: Pedestrian experiences are more important than parking convenience.

Comprehensive Plan: Align code language to communicate expectations.

Funding: A wide range of public, private, and community funding is needed.

Placemaking: Improve alleys, small public spaces, and other public spaces.

Economic Prosperity: Residential density contributes to business vitality and activates downtowns.

Insights Phase: Staff Interviews



WHO DID WE SPEAK
WITH?

GOAL: IDENTIFY
STRENGTHS WEAKNESS AND
OPPORTUNITIES OF EXISTING
PROCESSES TO IDENTIFY
FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS

- Town of Windsor Community Development
- Town of Windsor Public Works
- Town of Windsor Parks, Recreation, and Culture
- Town of Windsor Economic Development
- Windsor Police
- Windsor | Severance Fire
- The Windsor Downtown Alliance
- Town of Windsor Managers Office
- Windsor Chamber of Commerce

THANK YOU!!

Insights Phase: Staff Interviews



WHAT WE HEARD:
**DIRECTIVES
FOR SOLUTIONS
DEVELOPMENT PHASE**

GOAL: USE FINDINGS TO IDENTIFY
DIRECTIVES THAT WILL DRIVE
SOLUTION IDENTIFICATION

- Regulatory Tools: Create new or amended regulatory tools.
- Incentives: Create incentives to spur development.
- Ease of Use: Create easy to understand regulations and processes.
- Communication: Coordinate communication across organizations.
- Alignment: Work from the same processes, timelines, and expectations.
- Staff: Is busy. Create multi-organizational teams for Downtown projects.
- Impacts: Consider unintended impacts of improvements Downtown.

Insights Phase: Staff Interviews



WHAT WE HEARD:
**DIRECTIVES
FOR SOLUTIONS
DEVELOPMENT PHASE**

GOAL: USE FINDINGS TO IDENTIFY
DIRECTIVES THAT WILL DRIVE
SOLUTION IDENTIFICATION

Historic Reuse: Identify historic redevelopment / reuse building standards.

Maintainable: Ensure that improvements are maintainable.

Funding: Consider public, private, community funding, and partnerships.

Existing Long-Range Plans: Rescind / amend documents no longer relevant.

Agreements: Create long term agreements between organizations.

Infrastructure: Balance infrastructure with desired development.

Insights Phase: **Plan Review**

EXISTING PLAN REVIEW:

GOAL: REVIEW EXISTING APPROVED PLANS AND REGULATIONS TO UNDERSTAND CURRENT GUIDANCE AND ALIGNMENT WITH VISION GOALS

APPLICABLE PLANS

Windsor Transportation Master Plan

Windsor Municipal Code

Windsor Comprehensive Plan

Commercial Architecture Examples of Preferred
Architectural Quality and Elements

Windsor Historic Preservation Master Plan

Downtown Parking Plan

Downtown Corridor Plan

Windsor 7th Street Multi-modal Study

Downtown Master Plan - Phase 1

Windsor Open Space and Trails Strategic plan

WINDSOR DOWNTOWN MASTER PLAN *NEXT STEPS*

Insights Phase: Plan Review



PHASE I GOAL: DOWNTOWN FOR ALL

KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Zoning and comprehensive plan alignment: add more commercial and residential.
- Windsor Comprehensive Plan supports reuse of existing historic buildings and older structures.
- Plans support multi modal access, diverse programming, and safety for all users.

SELECT DIRECTIVES

- **Sub Districts:** Analyze existing Downtown sub areas (5) for consistency and alignment with Downtown vision.
- **Diverse Experiences:** Develop experiences and related improvements that meet the needs of multiple user types.
- **Access:** Identification of better access for all transportation modes.
- **Safety:** Improvements to perceived and actual safety.

Insights Phase: Plan Review



PHASE I GOAL: BUSINESS-MINDED GROWTH

KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Emphasized the importance of gateways.
- Increased parking capacity to serve businesses.
- Improving pedestrian infrastructure.
- Creation of a balanced and resilient business mix
- Importance of events to Downtown businesses.

SELECT DIRECTIVES

- Introductions:** Gateways and signage needs to invite.
- Zoning:** Ensure that market-appropriate uses are allowed.
- Catalyst:** Identify public improvements to spur redevelopment.
- Support:** Align Downtown organizations.
- Housing:** Study density thresholds to right size density.

Insights Phase: Plan Review



PHASE I GOAL: INVITING PEDESTRIAN EXPERIENCES

KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Focus on improving pedestrian safety.
- Create low-stress transportation networks.
- History | cultural elements are crucial for creating a unique place.
- Tell the Windsor story
- Identify and improve connections between key destinations.

SELECT DIRECTIVES

- Primary Connections:** Create a hierarchy of pedestrian improvements.
- Connecting Destinations:** Identify the progression of Downtown access
- Safety:** Consider the safety needs of diverse users.
- Communicate:** Align wayfinding and virtual communications

Insights Phase: Plan Review



PHASE I GOAL: LEGACY LIVES ON

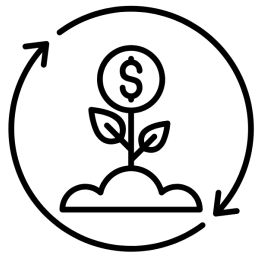
KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Preservation of historic context is important to maintain.
- Use history to create a unique places to attract people.
- Encourages adaptive re-use of historic structures to carry Windsor’s history forward.
- Increase the number of landmark properties.

SELECT DIRECTIVES

- Landmark Properties:** Identify impacts and outcomes of increased landmark properties.
- Design Guidelines:** Identify historically reflective standards.
- Adaptive Reuse:** Ensure building codes are adaptable to the needs of historic structures.

Insights Phase: **Funding Opportunities**



FUNDING

GOAL: USE FINDINGS TO IDENTIFY POTENTIAL FUNDING FOR IMPROVEMENTS

ACTIONS:

Reviewed peer communities existing funding mechanisms.

Researched local, state, and national funding opportunities.

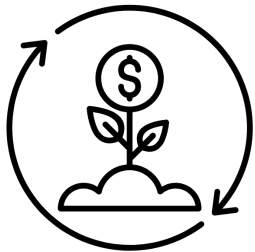
Categorized Low, Medium, and High applicability of identified funding opportunities.

Examined key partnerships needed to achieve funding.

Insights Phase: Funding Opportunities

LOW APPLICABILITY	MEDIUM APPLICABILITY	HIGH APPLICABILITY
TIGER BUILD	CDBG Block Grants	Colorado Department of Local Affairs and/or CDBG grants
Federal Historic Preservation Tax incentives	Economic Development Administration Grants	Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT) grants
Community Benefits Agreements	Colorado Creative Industries grants	Tax increment financing
	Local sales tax initiatives	Business improvement district (WDA)
	Public-private partnerships	General obligation bonds
	Corporate sponsorships	Philanthropic foundations
	Crowdfunding and Community Fundraising	Urban Renewal Authorities
	Municipal budget allocations	Developer Impact Fees
	Inclusionary Zoning	

Insights Phase: Funding Opportunities



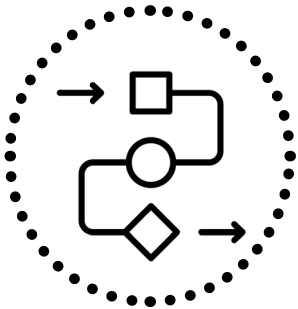
WHAT WE FOUND:
**DIRECTIVES
FOR SOLUTIONS
DEVELOPMENT PHASE**

GOAL: USE FINDINGS TO IDENTIFY
DIRECTIVES THAT WILL DRIVE
SOLUTION IDENTIFICATION

DIRECTIVES FOR SOLUTIONS PHASE

- Partnerships: Identify key partnerships required to align funding strategies and to pursue opportunities.
- Innovation: Identify new and innovative options to fund public improvements.
- Redevelopment: Identify incentives for private development contributions.
- Building Momentum: Create energy to build partnerships and to maintain momentum.

Insights Phase: Work Flow Best Practices

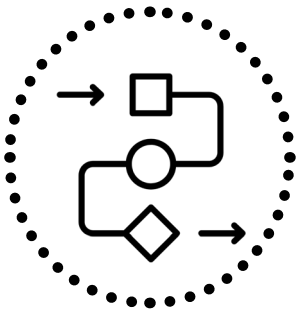


WORK FLOW
GOAL: IDENTIFY
EXISTING ENTITLEMENT
AND APPROVAL
PROCESSES FOR
DOWNTOWN
DEVELOPMENT

Existing Process



Insights Phase: Workflow Best Practices



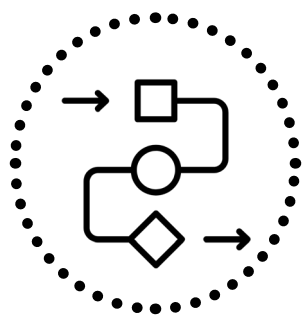
WORK FLOW

GOAL: IDENTIFY BEST PRACTICES FROM PEER COMMUNITIES

WHAT DO OTHER DOWNTOWNS DO?

- Specialized Teams: Created cross-organizational and cross-departmental teams.
- Downtown Design Review Committee: Created specific committees that review Downtown projects.
- Downtown Design Guidelines: Created design guidelines for specific Downtown districts.
- Expedited Permitting: Identified projects and improvements that can proceed within an abbreviated entitlement process.
- Administrative (Staff) Rezoning: Rezoned specific properties Downtown to communicate expectations and to realize catalytic projects.
- Incentives: Introduced process and fee incentives to spur redevelopment.

Insights Phase: Workflow Best Practices



WORK FLOW

GOAL: IDENTIFY
DIRECTIVES TO
GUIDE SOLUTIONS
DEVELOPMENT

DIRECTIVES FOR SOLUTIONS DEVELOPMENT PHASE

Specialization: Explore the creation of cross-organizational teams to address Downtown needs.

Regulations: Consider development of regulations and guidelines for all Downtown improvements.

Process: Identify efficiencies to create streamlined approval processes.

Partner: Explore ways to encourage and catalyze development through the approval process.

Where we are headed...Solutions Phase



SOLUTIONS PHASE:

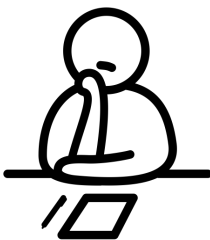
IDENTIFY AND DEFINE: DOWNTOWN
SUBDISTRICT'S.

REFINE AND DEVELOP: ORGANIZATIONAL
PARTNERSHIPS.

DEVELOP DRAFT ZONING LANGUAGE: CREATE
DRAFT REGULATORY GUIDANCE.

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATIONS.

DIRECTIVES WILL GUIDE THE DEVELOPMENT
OF SOLUTIONS



CONSIDERATIONS

ALIGN CODE WITH VISION

DEFINING ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

ORGANIZATIONAL ALIGNMENT AND COORDINATION

CLEAR COMMUNICATION OF GUIDELINES

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND BUSINESS HEALTH

RIGHT-SIZING SOLUTIONS WITH THE PARKING
MANAGEMENT PLAN:

PARKING IS A LARGE COMPONENT OF DOWNTOWNS. CONTEXTUALLY
APPROPRIATE MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES ARE KEY



Downtown Parking Management Plan: Update + Next Steps

Fall 2024

Presentation Overview

- Project Wayfinding
- Existing Conditions
 - Infrastructure Assessment
 - Stakeholder Outreach
 - Parking Utilization Study
- Plan Direction
- What's Next?



DOWNTOWN PARKING MANAGEMENT PLAN *NEXT STEPS*

Project **Wayfinding**

Key Tasks

- Existing Conditions Assessment
- Stakeholder Engagement
- Data Collection
- Financial Modeling
- Parking Action Plan



Source: Windsor Downtown Master Plan

Project Progress

Completed Tasks

- ✓ Infrastructure Assessment
- ✓ First round of stakeholder outreach
- ✓ Three rounds of data collection

Upcoming Tasks

- ☐ Second round of stakeholder outreach
- ☐ Draft Parking Action Plan (PAP)
- ☐ Staff, TAC and Town Board comment; finalize PAP

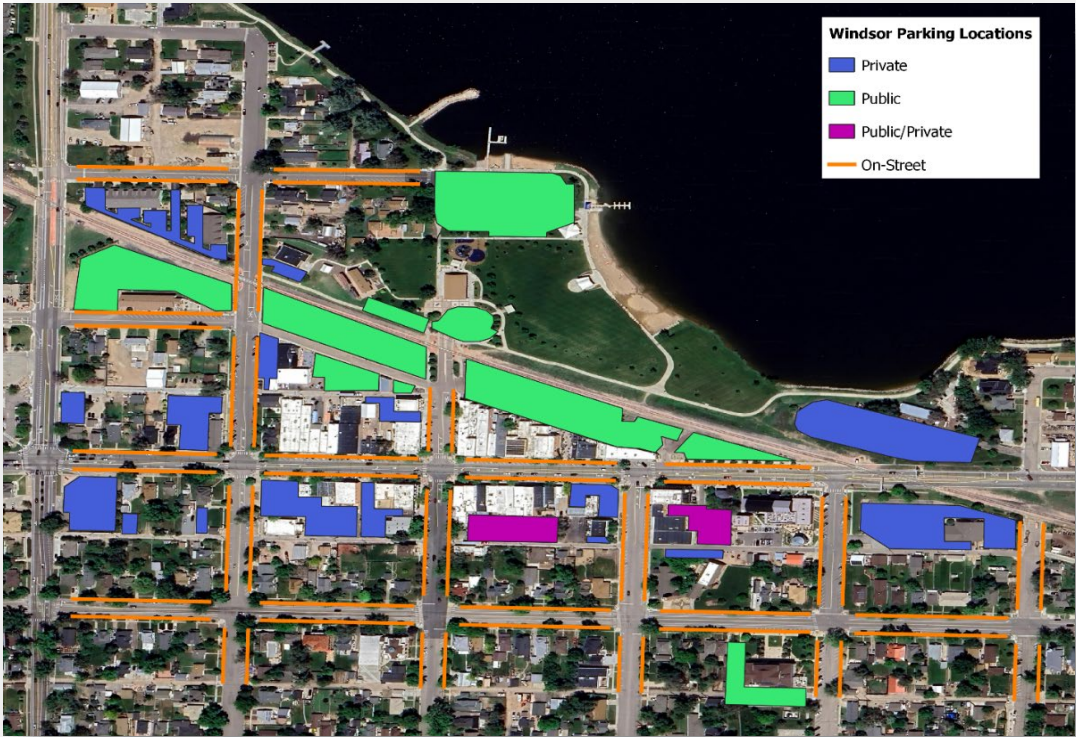
Before We Jump In...Some Kudos!

- The Town and Windsor Downtown Development Authority have made consistent investment in parking analysis over the past decade.
- Most importantly, the Town has also acted on many of the plans' recommendations, with notable investment in:
 - ✓ **Maximizing and improving existing supply**
 - ✓ Understanding **current demand and preparing for the future**
 - ✓ **Listening and responding to** community input



Existing Conditions: Infrastructure Assessment

Purpose: Evaluate the Town’s parking assets in the forty-eight block Study Area.



On-street &
Off-Street

Public, Private,
Shared Use

Signage &
Wayfinding

Pedestrian
Experience

Bicycle
Infrastructure

Accessibility
Considerations

Existing Conditions: Infrastructure Assessment

- On- and off-street assets are in good condition with visible pavement markings.
- Limited regulatory signage is present; however, several different sign types and messaging were utilized.
- Auto-directional wayfinding and parking destination signage aligned with Town's brand identity.
- Off-street parking supply is well-placed, and the Town has leveraged shared parking.
- ADA Compliance issues were noted in space quantity and layout.
- Overall, downtown Windsor offers a variety of well-maintained, available and free public parking options that would be envied by many Front Range communities.



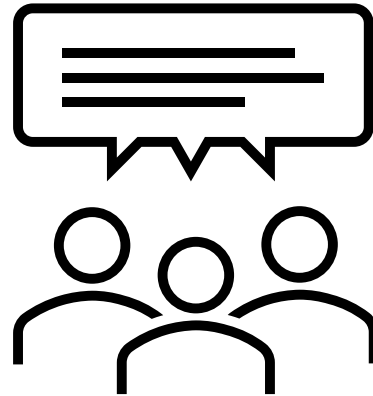
Existing Conditions: **Public Process**

Completed

- ✓ **Town Board Project Kick-off**
 - June 24
- ✓ **Popsicles for Parking**
 - June 6
 - June 29
 - August 15
- ✓ **Joint Town Board & Planning Commission Project Update**
 - September 23
- ✓ **Public Kick-off & Virtual Meetings**
 - July 9-10
 - July 15-17

Ongoing

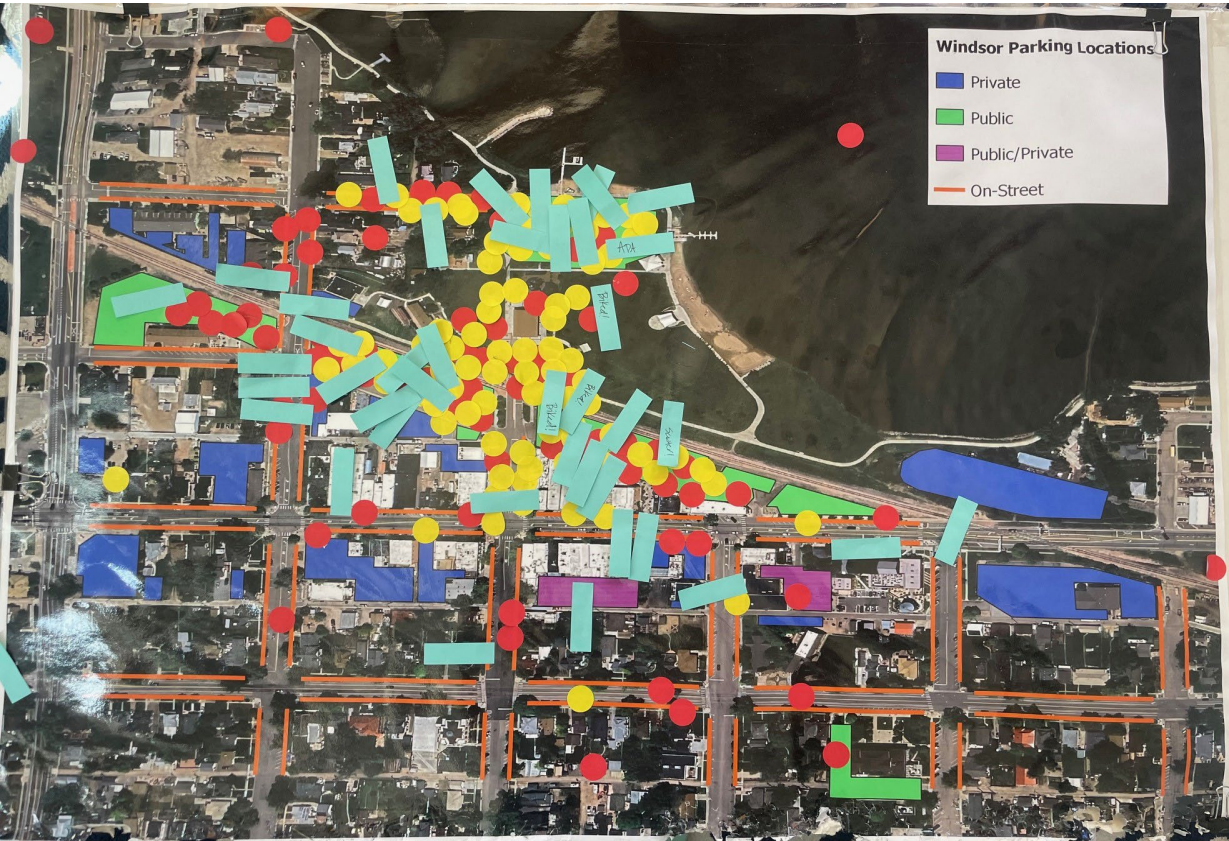
- ✓ **Technical Advisory Committee Meetings**
 - Monthly
- ✓ **Project Connect content**
 - Monthly



Upcoming

- **Joint Project Open House**
 - October 17
- **Draft PAP Review Period – Staff/TAC, Public & Town Board**
 - January - February 2025
- **Presentation of Final PAP to Town Board / Request Acceptance**
 - March 2025

Existing Conditions: Public Process



“Where Did You Park Your Car/Bike/Scooter Today?”

Typically, there is adequate parking downtown.

The Town’s work to add and improve parking has been noticed.

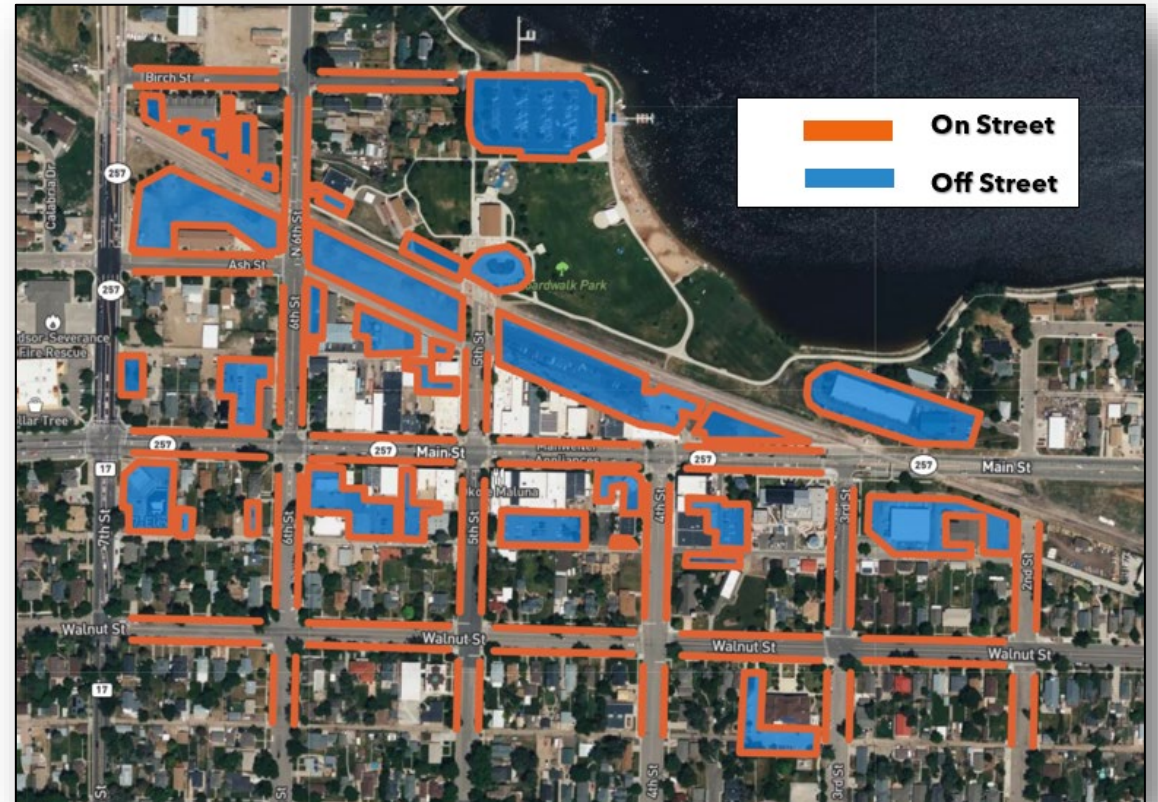
Some interest in time limits, mixed feelings about residential parking programming and wariness of paid parking.

“Parking isn’t the problem, safety is”.



Existing Conditions: **Parking Utilization Study**

- **Methodology**
 - Collected 3 rounds of data
 - May 2024
 - July 2024
 - August/September 2024
- Data captured by drone footage and License Plate Recognition (LPR) Technology



Existing Conditions: **Parking Utilization Study**

- **May Data Collection – Round 1**

- Friday, May 3rd
- Saturday, May 4th
- Wednesday, May 8th



May 2024 Occupancy – Saturday, 6:00 p.m.

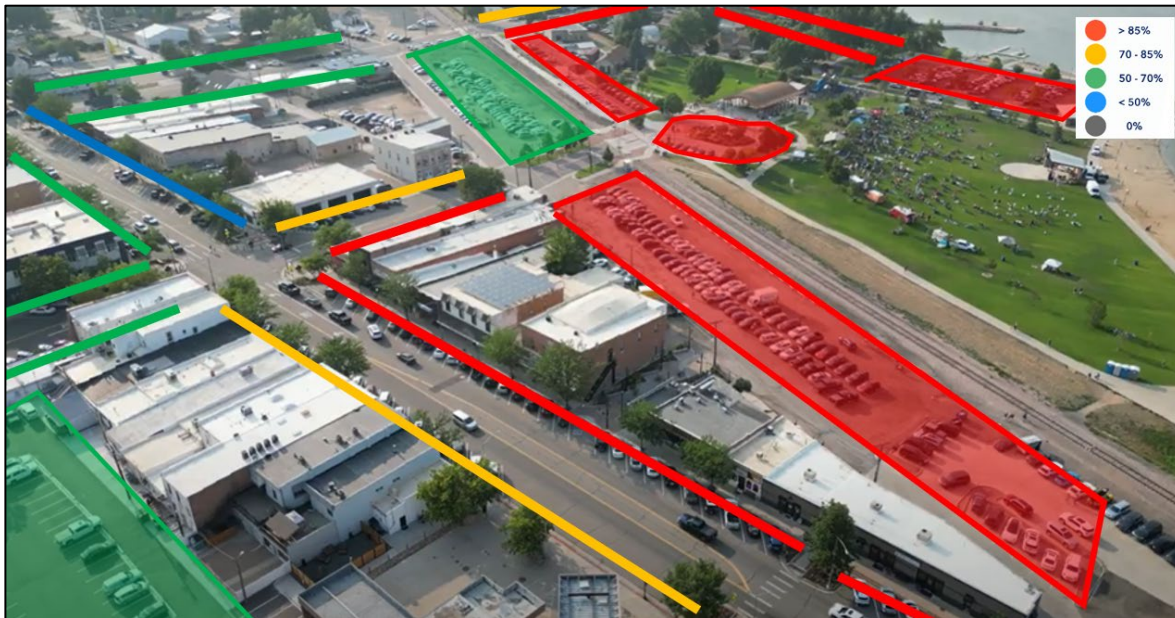


May 2024 Occupancy – Saturday, 6:00 p.m.

Existing Conditions: Parking Utilization Study

- **July Data Collection – Round 2**

- Thursday, July 25th
- Friday, July 26th
- Saturday, July 27th



July 2024 Occupancy – Saturday, 6:00 p.m.



July 2024 Occupancy – Saturday, 6:00 p.m.

Existing Conditions: **Parking Utilization Study**

- August/September Data Collection - Round 3 (Harvest Festival Weekend)**

Friday, August 30th

Saturday, August 31st

Sunday, September 1st

Monday, September 2nd



August 2024 Occupancy – Saturday, 5:00 p.m.



September 2024 Occupancy – Sunday, 2:00 p.m.

Existing Conditions: Parking Utilization Study

On-Street Historical Occupancy Data

Date	7am	8am	9am	10am	11am	12pm	1pm	2pm	3pm	4pm	5pm	6pm	Total
Saturday, September 03, 2016			32%										32%
Tuesday, April 03, 2018				33%									33%
Saturday, August 11, 2018			33%										33%
Friday, July 19, 2019							38%						38%
Saturday, September 05, 2020			32%	33%	39%	39%							36%
Sunday, September 06, 2020											39%	40%	39%
Saturday, May 04, 2024	13%	17%	23%	29%	32%	39%	37%	40%	37%	37%	40%	41%	32%
Wednesday, May 08, 2024	17%	22%	30%	31%	32%	36%	33%	30%	33%	34%	32%	49%	32%
Thursday, July 25, 2024	13%	18%	27%	31%	31%	28%	27%	24%	26%	20%	34%	55%	28%
Friday, July 26, 2024	14%	19%	29%	24%	20%	26%	26%	18%	24%	29%	25%	33%	24%
Saturday, July 27, 2024	12%	16%	22%	26%	24%	24%	26%	22%	22%	27%	27%	33%	24%
Friday, August 30, 2024	22%	24%	26%	30%	28%	30%	32%	30%	32%	29%	34%	44%	30%
Saturday, August 31, 2024	21%	28%	37%	42%	48%	43%	40%	38%	39%	47%	52%	69%	43%
Sunday, September 01, 2024	24%	32%	45%	59%	63%	59%	68%	60%	57%	50%	45%	40%	50%
Monday, September 02, 2024	25%	58%	82%	68%	60%	56%	36%	50%	50%	40%	41%	28%	52%
Total	16%	24%	34%	36%	37%	37%	36%	34%	35%	35%	37%	43%	34%



Off-Street Historical Occupancy Data

Date	7am	8am	9am	10am	11am	12pm	1pm	2pm	3pm	4pm	5pm	6pm	Total
Saturday, September 03, 2016			35%										35%
Tuesday, April 03, 2018				50%									50%
Saturday, August 11, 2018			43%										43%
Friday, July 19, 2019						45%							45%
Saturday, September 05, 2020			35%	37%	40%	39%							38%
Sunday, September 06, 2020											43%	39%	41%
Saturday, May 04, 2024	12%	14%	18%	24%	26%	27%	34%	30%	25%	25%	24%	23%	23%
Wednesday, May 08, 2024	14%	23%	33%	35%	37%	37%	36%	36%	36%	33%	29%	30%	32%
Thursday, July 25, 2024	15%	24%	35%	42%	43%	43%	42%	41%	40%	40%	44%	59%	39%
Friday, July 26, 2024	14%	23%	32%	37%	39%	38%	38%	38%	36%	36%	34%	30%	33%
Saturday, July 27, 2024	14%	22%	32%	42%	43%	41%	37%	30%	29%	30%	30%	34%	32%
Friday, August 30, 2024	17%	25%	29%	38%	39%	37%	38%	43%	39%	33%	32%	29%	33%
Saturday, August 31, 2024	19%	28%	43%	45%	44%	38%	34%	34%	38%	46%	50%	59%	40%
Sunday, September 01, 2024	17%	18%	21%	25%	36%	38%	38%	41%	40%	42%	39%	37%	33%
Monday, September 02, 2024	19%	21%	57%	66%	50%	48%	40%	37%	38%	36%	29%	26%	40%
Total	15%	22%	35%	40%	40%	39%	38%	36%	36%	35%	35%	37%	34%



Existing Conditions: Parking Utilization Study

Turnover/Length of Stay

Turnover was observed to be within the **good / adequate range**.

On average, **71% parked** in the Study Area **for 0-2 hours**.

Date	0-2 hrs	2-4 hrs	4-6 hrs	6-8 hrs	8+ hrs	Total
⊞ Saturday, May 04, 2024	62%	23%	6%	4%	6%	100%
⊞ Wednesday, May 08, 2024	60%	23%	5%	5%	8%	100%
⊞ Thursday, July 25, 2024	77%	12%	5%	3%	4%	100%
⊞ Friday, July 26, 2024	75%	14%	4%	3%	4%	100%
⊞ Saturday, July 27, 2024	76%	14%	5%	2%	3%	100%
Total	71%	16%	5%	3%	5%	100%

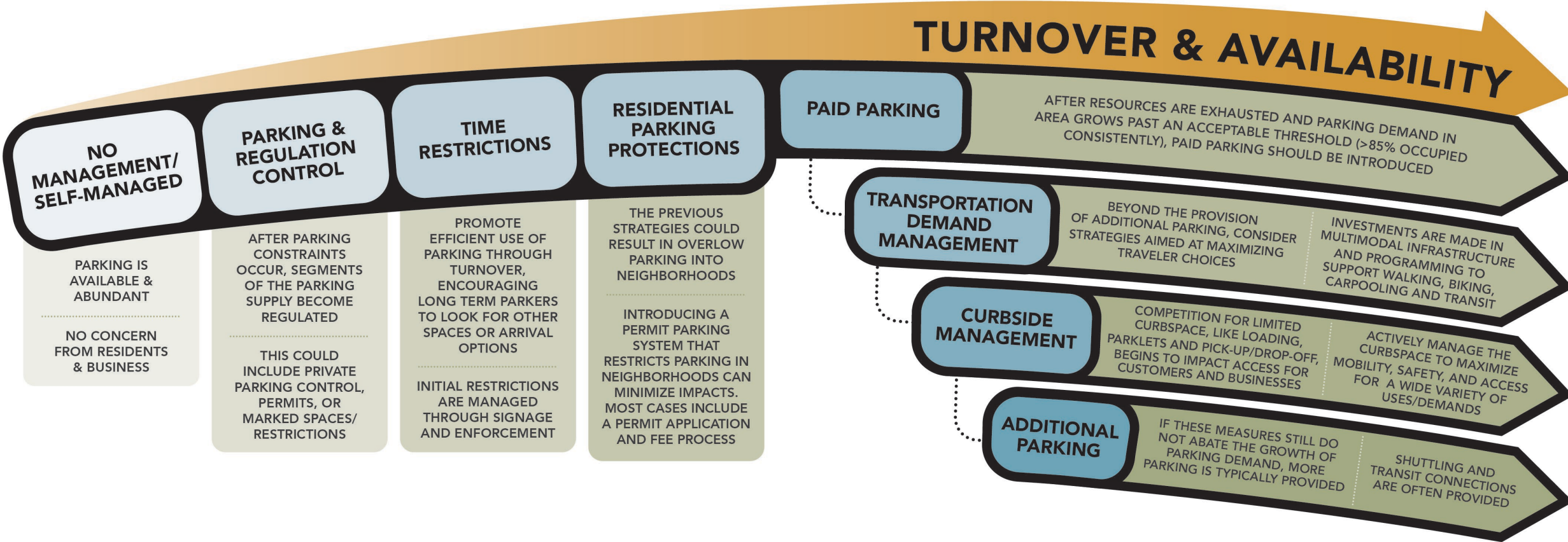
Key Data Takeaways

Overall, **occupancy** in the Study Area **is low**; however, there are **geographic and event-based hotspots** around key downtown destinations.

On-street occupancy increases consistently during the **late afternoon/early evening** in the block-faces **near the Windsor Mill**.

Except for the noted geographic or event-based **demand peaks, parking is typically available** within a block or two of a desired destination.

Spectrum of Alternatives



Plan Direction: **Vision & Guiding Principles**

Vision

“To ensure a friendly and safe public parking experience for Windsor residents, its business community and visitors.”



Guiding Principles

- **Welcoming and accessible** for people of all ages and abilities.
- **Easy to navigate** with clear information about where parking is available and how to park when you arrive.
- **Data-driven**, with a commitment to regular collection of good data to help inform decision-making.
- **Community-informed** and committed to solutions that support Windsor’s small town, charming and family-friendly feel.
- **Flexible** enough to evolve and respond to future needs of residents, the business community, and visitors.
- **Committed to good stewardship** of financial and environmental resources.

Plan Direction: 2025 Work Plan Focus Areas

Create, fund and staff a parking & access management program

**Develop 2026 budget ask – including staffing,
operational needs and Capital Improvement
Program**

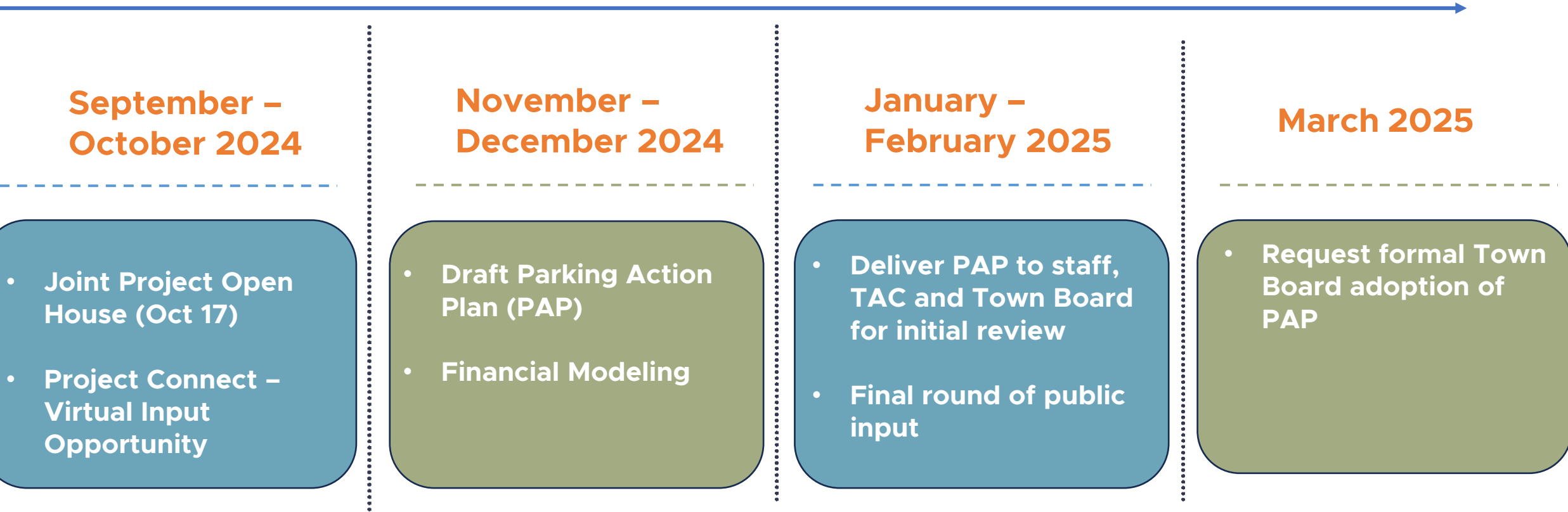
**Update the Municipal
Code & Town Policies**

**Pilot special event
regulation & field
support**

**Increase parking
information with a
focus on choice**

**Begin collecting data
annually**

What's Next?



Questions?



David Eisenbraun, AICP | ASLA
Senior Planner & Project Manager
DEisenbraun@Windsorgov.com
970.674.2409

Applicable Downtown Entitlement Processes

Rezoning Steps:

- Preliminary Research
- Concept Review with the Development Review Committee (Optional)
- Application Submittal + Neighborhood Meeting
- Development Review Meeting with Development Review Committee
- Notifications for Public Hearings
- Planning Commission and Town Board
- Submit Final Plans

Stakeholder Agencies and Departments

- Town of Windsor Economic Development
- Town of Windsor Community and Planning and Development
- Town of Windsor Police
- Windsor - Severance Fire
- Town of Windsor Public Works
- Town of Windsor Managers Office
- Town of Windsor Parks, Recreation, and Culture
- Windsor Downtown Alliance
- Town of Windsor Planning Commission and Town Board

Existing Supporting Documents, Standards, and Guidelines

- Windsor Municipal Code
- Windsor Comprehensive Plan
- Downtown Corridor Plans
- Commercial Corridor Plans
- Windsor Transportation Master Plan
- Windsor Historic Preservation Master Plan
- Downtown Parking Plan
- Downtown Parking Management Plan
- Windsor Downtown Master Plan Phase I
- Windsor Open Space and Trails Strategic plan

Major Site Plan Steps:

- Preliminary Research
- Concept Review with the Development Review Committee (Optional)
- Application Submittal
- Development Review Meeting with Development Review Committee
- Planning Commission and Town Board (communication only)
- Draft Development Agreement
- Pro-Construction Meeting
- Submit Final Plans and Record Final DA

Stakeholder Agencies and Departments

- Town of Windsor Economic Development
- Town of Windsor Community and Planning and Development
- Town of Windsor Police
- Windsor - Severance Fire
- Town of Windsor Public Works
- Town of Windsor Managers Office
- Town of Windsor Parks, Recreation, and Culture
- Windsor Downtown Alliance
- Windsor Citizens (neighborhood meetings)
- Town of Windsor Planning Commission and Town Board

Existing Supporting Documents, Standards, and Guidelines

- Windsor Municipal Code
- Windsor Comprehensive Plan
- Downtown Corridor Plan
- Commercial Corridor Plans
- Windsor Transportation Master Plan
- Windsor Historic Preservation Master Plan
- Downtown Parking Plan
- Downtown Parking Management Plan
- Commercial Architecture Examples of Preferred Architectural Quality and Elements
- Windsor Downtown Master Plan Phase I
- Windsor Open Space and Trails Strategic Plan
- Applicable Downtown Corridor Plans
- Preferred Architecture

Sign Permitting Steps:

- Submit a sign permit application
- Determine if a building permit is needed (if electrical or structural elements are included).
- Submit application

Stakeholder Agencies and Departments

- Town of Windsor Community and Planning and Development
- Windsor Downtown Alliance

Existing Supporting Documents, Standards, and Guidelines

- Article XVII of the Windsor Municipal Code (Sec. 15-17-90) (*Commercial and Industrial District Signs*)
- Windsor Historic Preservation Master Plan
- Preferred Architecture
- Applicable Downtown Corridor Plans
- Commercial Corridor Plans
- Windsor Downtown Master Plan Phase I
- Applicable Downtown Corridor Plans

Building Permits Steps:

Submit a building permit application including:

- Architectural Plans
- Structural Plans
- Electrical Plans
- Mechanical Plans
- Plumbing Plans

Stakeholder Agencies and Departments

- Town of Windsor Community Planning and Development
- Windsor - Severance Fire
- SAFEbuilt. Colorado
- Town Windsor Engineering

Existing Supporting Documents, Standards, and Guidelines

- Adopted Building Codes:
 - 2018 IRC / IBC - with Amendments
 - 2018 IECC - with Amendments
 - 2018 IFC - with Amendments
 - 2020 NEC - with Amendments
 - 2018 IPC - with Amendments
 - 2018 IMC with Amendments
 - 2018 IFGC with Amendments
 - 2018 IEBC - with Amendments
 - 2018 ISPC - with Amendments
- Windsor Downtown Master Plan Phase I
- Applicable Downtown Corridor Plans
- Windsor Historic Preservation Master Plan
- Preferred Architecture

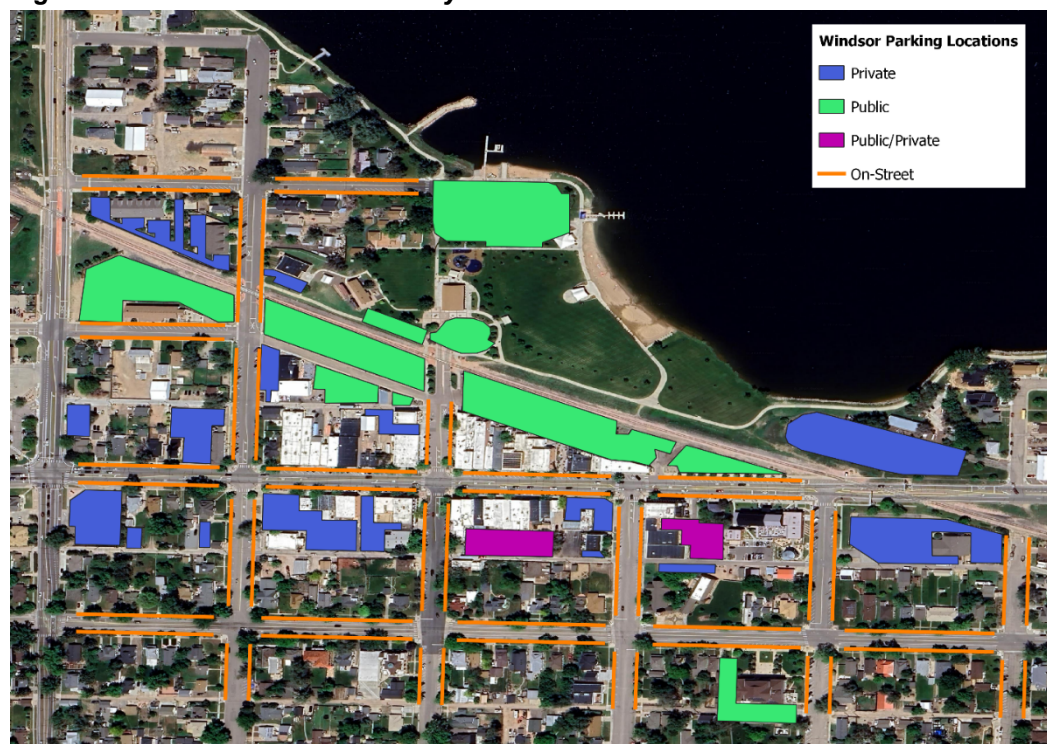
Infrastructure Assessment

Executive Summary

This Infrastructure Assessment (“Assessment”) includes methodology, observations, and high-level takeaways from a two-day onsite visit with Town of Windsor staff, local stakeholders, and other community representatives on July 9-10, 2024.

The purpose of the Assessment was to evaluate the Town’s on- and off-street public, private and shared use (public and private) parking assets in the downtown core (along Main Street/State Highway 257) and on adjacent streets throughout the forty-eight (48) block Study Area.

Figure 1. Downtown Windsor Study Area.



The Assessment included field observation of the Town’s:

- On-Street Parking Facilities
- Off-Street Parking Facilities
- Signage and Wayfinding
- Bicycle Infrastructure
- Pedestrian Experience
- Accessibility Considerations

The information documented during this Assessment will be used to inform specific strategies and associated implementation steps that will be included in Task 5, creation of the Parking Action Plan.

Assessment Methodology

The Assessment was conducted on foot, and over the course of the two-day visit, two members of the DIXON team walked every block of the Study Area. Observations were made in the morning (10:00 a.m.), midday (Noon), afternoon (4:00 p.m.) and early evening (6:00 p.m.).

In addition to field observations, DIXON met with Town staff, hosted a small group meeting consisting of downtown residents, local business and property owners, conducted door-to-door “Knock and Talks” with fifteen (15) downtown businesses located along Main Street, and visited with members of the Windsor Downtown Alliance (WDA) staff and board. Additionally, DIXON attended two charettes hosted by the WDA regarding the proposed 5th Street Project.

Public Parking Overview

All public parking in Downtown Windsor is currently free and without restriction (e.g., time limits or payment required). The Town does not have any active parking permit programs nor are any technologies used to monitor or manage public parking assets. Parking during the Town’s popular special events is also unmanaged with all parking lots and on-street areas available on a first-come, first-served basis.

Organization & Funding

Currently, the Town’s parking infrastructure is touched by several different departments:

- **Community Development** is the most actively involved department, with Planning Division staff responsible for leading parking studies and/or coordinating the collection of parking data. Members of the Planning Division have also served in a project management role for recent on- and off-street parking lot and pedestrian improvements.
- **Public Services** (Streets) is responsible for parking asset maintenance, including on- and off-street pavement markings, pavement stenciling, installation of regulatory signage and snow removal. **Parks, Recreation & Culture** designs and maintains all landscaping elements in and around off-street parking facilities.
- **Public Safety** is responsible for responding to reported parking issues and issuing parking citations, if warranted (e.g., blocked driveways during events, ADA violations).

Final decision-making authority for the Town’s parking assets resides with the Town of Windsor Board of Trustees. The Town’s Planning Commission also provides input, guidance, and approval (when appropriate) on parking-related planning and development projects.

Funding for parking investments – from planning efforts to infrastructure improvement projects – is provided by the Town’s General Fund.

Public Parking Inventory & Assets

Inventory

The Study Area for this Assessment included 1,713 total parking spaces, 796 on-street/curbside and 917 off-street. The off-street spaces have been further categorized into public off-street, private off-street and public/private off-street (or “shared use”). Parking inventory, also commonly known as the parking “supply” or parking “capacity,” is the number of parking spaces within the Study Area.

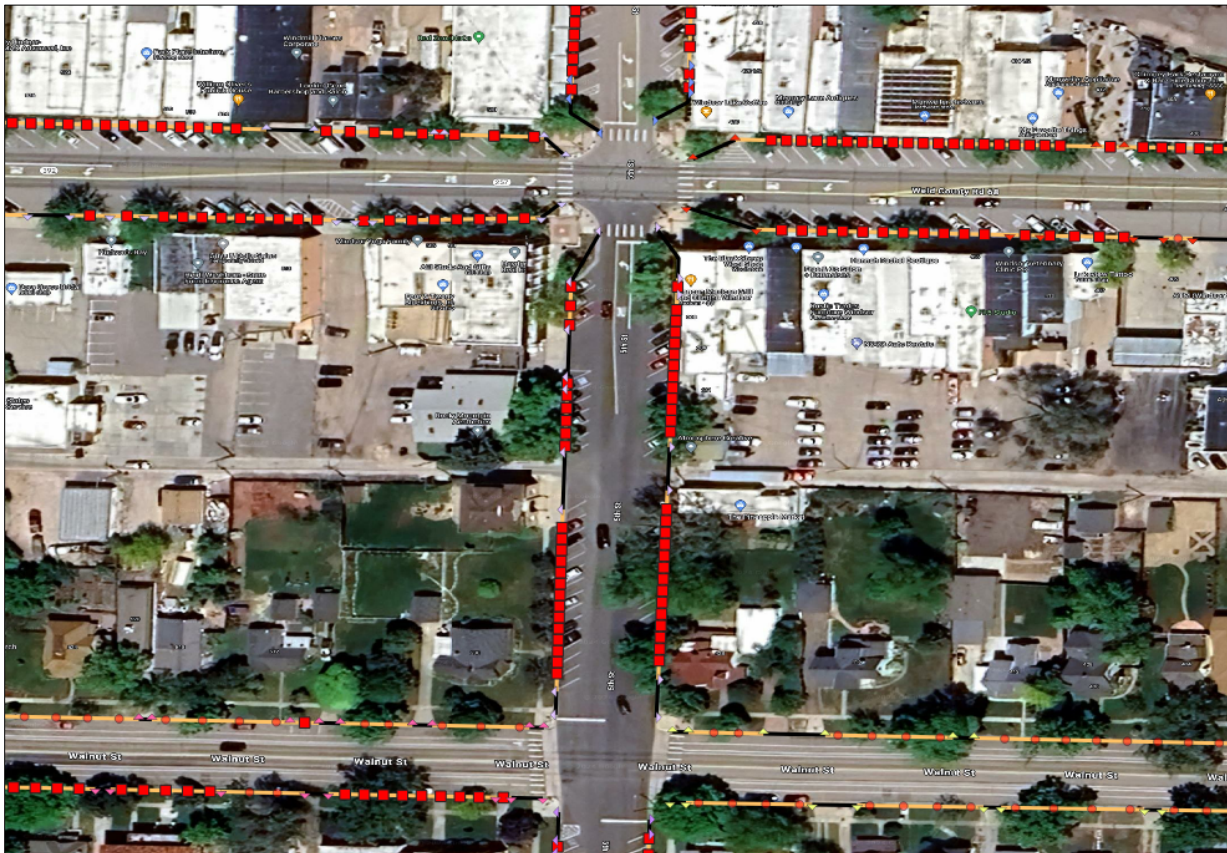
To define the total inventory for the Downtown Parking Management Plan, DIXON created a Geographic Information Systems (GIS) database and map using a combination of Google Maps and field verification. Recent Google Maps street view, aerial imagery and drone footage, were used to count marked spaces and measure the length of curb segments that allow parking but where individually marked parking stalls are not present. To calculate the inventory for unmarked segments, DIXON assumed the length of a parallel parking space at 22 feet, and perpendicular/angled spaces at 8 feet. Once the GIS database and map were completed, numbers were verified in the field.

Table 1. Town of Windsor Public Parking Inventory – 2022 vs. 2024

Public Parking Inventory	2022	2024
Total Parking Spaces	1,409	1,713
On-Street/Curbside Spaces	751	796
Public Off-Street Spaces	305	332
Private Off-Street Spaces	312	509
Public/Private Off-Street Spaces	70	76

Since the Town's previous parking study, which was completed in 2022, 304 spaces have been added to the Study Area. This increase is due to a number of factors, including the addition of 126 new spaces by the Town, an expanded Study Area in 2024 and differences in collection methodology, especially when considering the ambiguity of unmarked/gravel locations. DIXON does not know the specific methodology of the 2022 and inventory collection, so it is challenging to make an "apples to apples" comparison of the previous inventory values. However, DIXON has prepared a detailed on-street curb GIS file that will allow the Town to keep track of their curbside assets going forward.

Figure 2. GIS Format for On-Street Parking Space Inventory



On-Street Parking Facilities

Location & Type

On-street or curbside parking is located on most streets throughout the Study Area, except for a few locations where on-street parking is disallowed for railroad crossings and/or where other issues exist that make on-street parking not viable (e.g., near intersections, where visibility is limited for motorists).

On-street parking in the core of downtown, where most of the commercial land uses exist, is pull-in angle parking. In the more residential areas, along Walnut Street, on-street parking transitions to parallel parking. There is also one small section of back-in angle parking located directly in front of Town Hall on the south side of Walnut Street.

Condition

On-street parking spaces are sized within industry best practice ranges at 16' x 8.5' for angled spaces and 22' x 7' for parallel spaces (per the Town's Design Criteria). Pavement markings (e.g., stall lines) are well-maintained and visible. The presence of parking regulatory signage and pavement markings was limited to the following:

- Signage related to spaces reserved for active Electric Vehicle (EV) charging.
- Pavement markings indicating "5 MIN PARKING ONLY" located on the east side of 4th Street.
- Americans with Disabilities (ADA) signage and pavement markings located throughout the Study Area.
- Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Device (MUTCD) signage (e.g., "NO PARKING ANY TIME," "NO PARKING 15 MIN. LOADING ZONE".)

During the morning, midday and afternoon collection windows, parking was widely available along Main Street between 7th Street and 3rd Street, and on-street both north of Main Street (between Main Street and Ash Street) and south of Main Street (between Main Street and Walnut Street).

On-street parking in the residential areas along Walnut Street was observed to be largely available, with only a few cars along Walnut between 7th Street and 1st Street. The one exception was around Town Hall, where all on-street parking immediately adjacent to the building and within a one to 1 ½ block radius was observed to be full or mostly full throughout the day. The vehicles were marked law enforcement and the reason for their presence on the observation days was Police Chief interviews that were taking place at Town Hall.

During the midday observation, on-street parking on both the north and south sides of Main Street increased moderately, however, several spaces were still available on each block. Additionally, on-street parking on 7th Street through 1st Street both south of Main Street to the edge of the Study Area (the alley just south of Walnut Street) and north of Main Street (to Birch Street) had ample availability.



As an illustration of the ample availability, a work truck and trailer were parked parallel to the curb on Main Street during most of the day.

However, around 4:00 p.m. each day, the on-street parking spaces on the block where the Windsor Mill building is located (the corner of 3rd Street and Main Street) began to fill. By 6:00 p.m., nearly every on-street space on the south side of Main Street from 3rd Street to 4th Street and on 3rd Street from Main Street to Walnut Street (both sides of the street) was occupied.



Electric Vehicle (EV) Charging

The Town has one, dual-port ChargePoint Level II charging station located on 3rd Street just southeast of Town Hall, near Main Community Park. The charging station was in good repair and the spaces immediately adjacent to the station were marked as “ELECTRIC VEHICLE PARKING ONLY WHILE CHARGING.”

Off-Street Parking Facilities

Location & Type

Three distinct types of off-street parking facilities are included in the Study Area, public, private, and public/private (shared use). Only the public and public/private facilities are included in the Assessment as they are within the Town’s span of control (Table 2).

Table 2. Town of Windsor Off-Street Public & Public/Private Off-Street Facilities

Name	Location	Stalls	Type	Surface Condition
History Museum lot & Boardwalk Park loop	100 N 5 th St & 112 N 5 th St	32	Public	Paved
Heritage Center lot	116 N 5 th St	5	Public	Dirt/gravel
Boardwalk lot	421 Birch St	91	Public	Paved
West “Backlot”	512 Ash St	100	Public	Dirt/gravel
East “Backlot”	500 Ash St	105	Public	Dirt/gravel
Bethel lot	328 Walnut St	26	Public/Private	Paved
Walnut lot	211 5 th St	50	Public/Private	Paved

Asset Condition

The paved parking areas were all observed to be in good condition, with well-maintained and visible pavement markings. No visible deterioration was observed, and the lots were all free of debris, trash (except in designated receptacles).

Windsor is fortunate to have several off-street parking assets located conveniently behind its core commercial district. Informed by findings from the 2022 Downtown Parking Study, the Town actively pursued shared parking agreements with private parking asset owners and has invested staff time and Town resources to update and revitalize several underutilized parking areas. As a result of these investments, residents and visitors are now able to park in the Museum Lot (off 5th Street in between the Windsor History Museum and the Art & Heritage Center), the Walnut lot (between 4th Street and 5th Street), and the Bethel lot off 4th Street behind Bethel Lutheran Church).

In January 2023, a citizen-led Special Election resulted in a code amendment to add a permanent parking zone in the central business district. The focus of the Special Election was a three-block stretch of property comprised

of a series of empty lots, known as “the Backlots.” While originally envisioned as part of a mixed-use redevelopment project called the “Downtown Revitalization Project,” two of the parcels are currently used for public parking (West Backlot and East Backlot, both owned by the WDA), while the third parcel (where the American Legion is located) is owned by the Town. During DIXON’s site visit, the West Backlot was empty during the morning, midday, and evening observation periods, with only 1-2 cars ever observed in the lot. The East Backlot saw more activity with a slow, but steady, increase in vehicles throughout the day.

On June 17, Town Public Works staff brought a Design Proposal to the Town Board outlining the following cost, timing and stall yield for design and construct parking areas on both sites, including, lighting, landscaping, and utility installation. Combined, the project would cost roughly \$464,000 to design, between \$2,250,000 - \$3,250,000 to construct and yield 150-200 parking stalls. As of the writing of this memo, no decision has been made on the proposal.

Signage & Wayfinding

Signage and wayfinding are vital components of downtown navigation due to the high concentration of vehicles, public transportation, bicycles, and pedestrians. Clear and highly-visible parking signage can help guide motorists to available public parking, both decreasing anxiety about where parking can be found and mitigating the congestion that comes with drivers looking for parking.

Both auto-directional and destination signage were observed throughout Downtown Windsor. Auto-directional signs are meant for the motorist and should be strategically located to help “breadcrumb” parkers to public parking areas, easily visible (not obstructed by trees/bushes), and with character size and sign reflectivity that is MUTCD compliant. Parking destination signage is located at a facility and provides a visual cue that a motorist has arrived at their destination. The destination sign usually includes a facility name and regulations, if any.



DIXON observed both auto-directional and destination signs throughout the Study Area that aligned with the Town’s brand identity, displaying green and blue coloring, and large, legible white characters. Signs also included a large “P” symbol, which can be helpful for non-English speaking parkers. All auto-directional signs and some of the destination signs, included arrows to guide drivers to public parking facilities.

Overall, the Town’s auto-directional and destination signage was clear and well-placed. Building on the Town’s existing signage infrastructure, DIXON observed opportunities for an enhanced wayfinding experience in the following areas:

- Several lots were observed to have an abundance of individual space signs, indicating private and/or tenant parking only. Some of the signs were confusing due to their use of addresses and application of directional arrows. Several downtown business owners also commented on the confusing nature of the in-lot signage during the “Knock and Talks.” Additionally, some lots had only a few spaces open for public parking, while the rest were marked reserved or for tenant use only. The public spaces were not signed, which could lead to motorist confusion about whether they are available for public use.
- As previously mentioned, the presence of parking regulatory signage was limited, however DIXON did note the presence of a variety of different temporary parking restriction signs throughout the Study Area. Some signs were attached to cones and and/or other traffic control devices indicating “NO PARKING TEMPORARY POLICE ORDER” and “NO PARKING TOW AWAY ZONE.” Some signs were also faded/hard to read and during field observation, DIXON was asked about the sign by a parking motorist who was wondering if they could park in the area.
- Trip planning can start online, especially for visitors coming downtown to attend one of Windsor’s popular events. While the Town has a robust amount of information about parking studies/recent investments on its website, there is a notable lack of information about where to park and that parking in Windsor free and abundant. Online resources about where and how to park in Downtown Windsor, including a map with recognizable landmarks would help supplement the Town’s existing directional and destination signage.
- While discussion is ongoing about whether the Backlots will remain gravel or improved to a paved surface, both destination and auto-directional signage should be added as the parcels have been identified by local voters as permanent parking. While the financial investment to pave/improve the lots would be significant, if the lots are going to be parking for the next several years, the Town would benefit from their improvement into more attractive, safe and accessible parking areas. Paving and striping the lots would also increase the capacity of the lots by defining stalls, thus maximizing the potential parking for the benefit of downtown and the Boardwalk Park recreation area.



Bicycle Infrastructure

During the DIXON site visit, one permanent bicycle rack and two temporary bicycle racks were observed at Boardwalk Park, with five permanent bicycle racks located along Main Street. Bicycle signage and wayfinding elements, including the Walnut Street Bikeway signs and painted on-street markings, were all observed to be in excellent condition.

In 2021, the Town prioritized the Walnut Corridor Bikeway project as a direct response to input received from the community during the draft phase of the Transportation Master Plan (TMP). The location of the Walnut Corridor Bikeway – just one block off Main Street – provides a low stress option for those wishing to travel downtown by bicycle for work or special events. During the “Knock and Talks” with downtown businesses, several employees mentioned commuting by bicycle to downtown with no issues.

Pedestrian Connectivity

Currently, the experience for those parking vehicles in Downtown Windsor and navigating to their destination varies widely depending on someone’s chosen parking location. For those using one of the Town’s recently improved parking lots just south of Main Street, the pedestrian experience is positive – with clear paths to the main commercial corridor, some with enhanced walkways like the one leading from the northeast corner of the Walnut lot to Main Street. The experience for those parking on-street along some of the side streets in Downtown Windsor (6th Street – 3rd Street) and in the more residential areas (along Walnut Street and Birch Street) is also very pedestrian-friendly with easy access to sidewalks and significantly less traffic.

The pedestrian experience for those parking along Main Street can be a bit more challenging with more traffic and larger vehicles to navigate when crossing the highway. The Town’s investment in Rapid Flashing Beacons (RFBs) on Main Street provides notable support for pedestrians and there is opportunity for the addition of more RFBs to enhance a greater number of crosswalks that connect the residential areas south of Main Street to the Boardwalk Park recreation areas.



downtown.

Additionally, the Town currently has both paved and unpaved/gravel parking areas. While gravel parking areas can be hard to manage/sign for pedestrian access, if the two Backlots are to remain unpaved, the Town should consider regrading the lots and filling some of the potholes that have developed due to lot usage. Several larger potholes have developed, especially in the West Backlot that will continue to expand/erode with the changing seasons.

While pedestrian improvements were well-covered in the Town’s recent Transportation Master Plan (2020), it is important to note for the purpose of the Downtown Parking Management Plan that providing accessible pedestrian connections to/from public parking areas is important the overall experience of navigating



Accessibility Considerations

On-Street

Throughout the Study Area, DIXON's data team identified twenty (20) on-street parking spaces that were marked for Americans with Disabilities (ADA) parking. Previously, parking guidance provided by the U.S. Access Board under the ADA has been focused on the quantity and layout of vehicle and van parking spaces in off-street facilities (e.g., lots and garages). However, very recently, the Access Board, under both ADA and the Architectural Barriers Act (ABA), published new guidelines that will apply to a number of elements in the public right-of-way, including on-street parking.¹ As the Town has recently added new on-street parking spaces, and as a result of this Plan, may look for additional opportunities to expand supply using existing on-street resources, it is strongly recommended that Town staff familiarize themselves with the Access Board's new Public Right-of-Way Accessibility Guidelines (PROWAG).



Off-Street

ADA indicates that the number of accessible parking spaces must be considered separately for each parking facility (lot), not based on the total number of parking spaces provided in each area². A quick reference guide covering the off-street facility sizes present in Downtown Windsor is provided in **Table 3**.

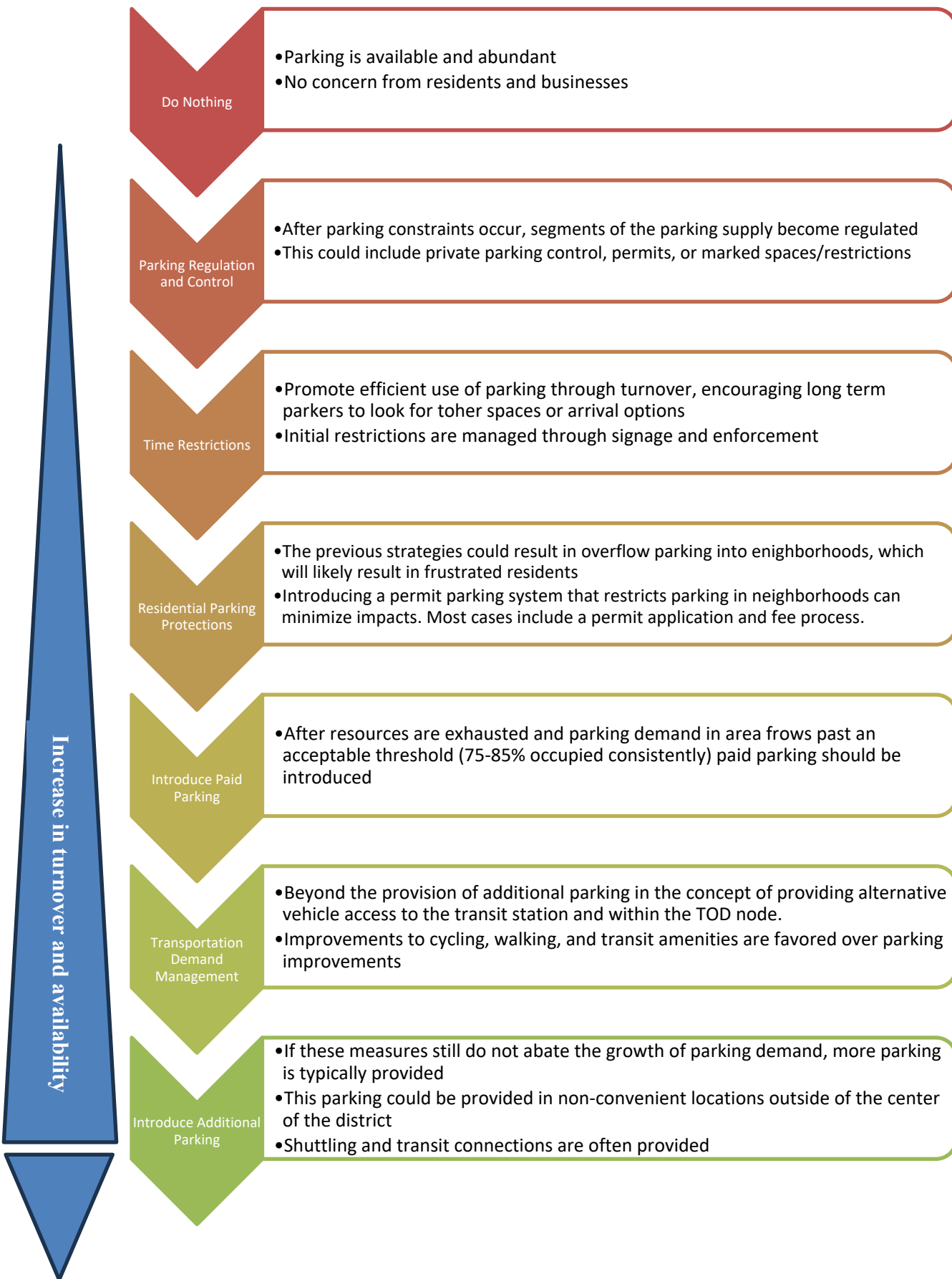
Table 3. ADA Off-Street Space Requirements

Total Number of Parking Spaces Provided in a Parking Lot or Facility	Minimum Number of Accessible Parking Spaces
1 to 25	1
26 to 50	2
51 to 75	3
76 to 100	4
101 to 150	5

ADA also provides specific rules for vehicle and van parking stall width, access aisle width, slope/grade, sign type and installation. During the July site visit, DIXON observed that the Town's off-street ADA space allotment and configuration varied by facility/lot with some compliance issues noted in both space quantity and layout. Due to the importance of ensuring current and future compliance with ADA standards, a recommendation of the Downtown Parking Management Plan will be completion of an ADA Transition Plan for both on- and off-street parking facilities.

¹ U.S. Access Board, Public Right-of-Way Accessibility Guidelines (PROWAG), [access-board.gov/prowag](https://www.access-board.gov/prowag)

² U.S. Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division, [ADA.gov](https://www.ada.gov) "Accessible Parking Spaces"







MEMORANDUM

Date: September 23, 2024
To: Mayor and Town Board
From:
Re: Liquor Licensing Legislative Update - K. Cinnamon, Deputy Town Clerk; K. Emil, Deputy Town Attorney
Item #: 3.

Background / Discussion:

Tonight's presentation is a legislative update on the 2024 Liquor Code changes. The overall view will be presented, then narrowed to those items that affect the Town.

HB 24-1156 amends C.R.S. Sec. 44-5-102, adding Chambers of Commerce as an entity that may apply for a Special Event Liquor Permit.

SB 24-020 amends C.R.S. Sec. 44-3-911, extending the alcohol takeout and delivery permit indefinitely.

SB 24-231 is a very large bill that adopts the changes recommended by the Liquor Advisory Group that was established in 2023 by the Department of Revenue, and is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference. It is this bill that is the subject of most of the updates.

Code updates to Windsor Municipal Code 6-1-40 and 6-1-50 will be required to amend any reference to a lodging and entertainment facility license to a separate lodging facility license and an entertainment facility license.

The legislature also raised local license fees for most licenses, therefore an updated fee schedule will be required.

Financial Impact:

N/A

Relationship to Strategic Plan:

Recommendation:

CC:

Attachments:

1. 2024a_231_signed

An Act

SENATE BILL 24-231

BY SENATOR(S) Rodriguez and Gardner, Van Winkle;
also REPRESENTATIVE(S) Snyder and Frizell, Bird, Duran, Lindstedt,
Titone, Velasco.

CONCERNING IMPLEMENTING CONSENSUS RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE
LIQUOR ADVISORY GROUP CONVENED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF
REVENUE TO CONDUCT A COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW OF COLORADO'S
LIQUOR LAWS, AND, IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN
APPROPRIATION.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-103, **amend** (11.5)(j), (11.5)(k), (11.5)(l), (15)(c)(XI), (15)(c)(XII), (29), and (38)(b); and **add** (2.5), (8.5), (11.5)(m), (14.5), (15)(c)(XIII), (15.5), and (21.5) as follows:

44-3-103. Definitions. As used in this article 3 and article 4 of this title 44, unless the context otherwise requires:

(2.5) "ALCOHOL BEVERAGE SHIPPER LICENSEE" MEANS A PERSON THAT SHIPS TO CONSUMERS VINOUS LIQUORS THAT IT RECEIVED FROM A

Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material added to existing law; dashes through words or numbers indicate deletions from existing law and such material is not part of the act.

WINERY DIRECT SHIPPER'S PERMITTEE PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-104.

(8.5) "CATERING COMPANY" MEANS A PERSON, NOT INCLUDING PERSONS IN THE MOBILE FOOD SERVICES INDUSTRY OR FOOD SERVICE INDUSTRIES, THAT:

(a) IS PRIMARILY ENGAGED IN PROVIDING EVENT-BASED ALCOHOL BEVERAGE SERVICES FOR EVENTS:

(I) AT A VENUE THAT DOES NOT POSSESS A LIQUOR LICENSE OR PERMIT; AND

(II) THAT HAVE SNACKS AND SANDWICHES AVAILABLE AT THE EVENT; AND

(b) HAS EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES TO TRANSPORT MEALS, ALCOHOL BEVERAGES, AND SNACKS TO EVENTS OR TO PREPARE FOOD AT AN OFF-PREMISES SITE.

(11.5) "Communal outdoor dining area" means an outdoor space that is used for food and alcohol beverage service by two or more licensees licensed under this article 3 or article 4 of this title 44 as a:

(j) ~~Lodging and~~ Entertainment facility;

(k) Optional premises; or

(l) Fermented malt beverage AND WINE retailer licensed for consumption on the premises; OR

(m) LODGING FACILITY.

(14.5) "EDUCATIONAL CLASS" MEANS A CLOSED EVENT ON THE PREMISES OF A RETAIL LIQUOR STORE, DURING WHICH CONSUMERS WHO ARE TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER ARE TAUGHT ABOUT ALCOHOL BEVERAGES THAT ARE SOLD BY THE RETAIL LIQUOR STORE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE HISTORY OF THE ALCOHOL BEVERAGE, FOOD PAIRINGS, AND SERVING SUGGESTIONS.

(15) "Entertainment district" means an area that:

PAGE 2-SENATE BILL 24-231

(c) Contains at least twenty thousand square feet of premises that, at the time the district is created, is licensed pursuant to this article 3 as a:

(XI) ~~Lodging and~~ Entertainment facility licensee; ~~or~~

(XII) Optional premises; OR

(XIII) LODGING FACILITY LICENSEE.

(15.5) "ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY" MEANS AN ESTABLISHMENT:

(a) IN WHICH THE PRIMARY BUSINESS IS TO PROVIDE THE PUBLIC WITH SPORTS OR ENTERTAINMENT ACTIVITIES WITHIN ITS LICENSED PREMISES; AND

(b) THAT, INCIDENTAL TO ITS PRIMARY BUSINESS, SELLS AND SERVES ALCOHOL BEVERAGES AT RETAIL FOR CONSUMPTION ON THE LICENSED PREMISES AND HAS SANDWICHES AND LIGHT SNACKS AVAILABLE FOR CONSUMPTION ON THE LICENSED PREMISES.

(21.5) "INFLATION" MEAN THE ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR'S BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS CONSUMER PRICE INDEX, OR A SUCCESSOR INDEX, FOR DENVER-AURORA-LAKEWOOD FOR ALL ITEMS PAID BY URBAN CONSUMERS.

(29) "Lodging ~~and entertainment~~ facility" means an establishment: ~~that:~~

(a) ~~Is either:~~ IN WHICH THE PRIMARY BUSINESS IS TO PROVIDE THE PUBLIC WITH SLEEPING ROOMS AND MEETING FACILITIES; AND

~~(I) A lodging facility, the primary business of which is to provide the public with sleeping rooms and meeting facilities; or~~

~~(H) An entertainment facility, the primary business of which is to provide the public with sports or entertainment activities within its licensed premises; and~~

(b) ~~Incidental to its primary business;~~ THAT sells and serves alcohol beverages at retail for consumption on the LICENSED premises and has sandwiches and light snacks available for consumption on the LICENSED

premises.

(38) (b) Notwithstanding subsection (38)(a) of this section, for a winery, LIMITED WINERY, DISTILLERY, OR BREWERY authorized to manufacture ~~vinous liquors~~ ALCOHOL BEVERAGES pursuant to section 44-3-402 or 44-3-403, the licensed premises may include up to two noncontiguous locations, both of which are used for manufacturing purposes, within a radius of ten miles.

SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-202, **add** (4) as follows:

44-3-202. Duties of state licensing authority - feasibility study - rules - repeal. (4) (a) (I) BY JANUARY 1, 2028, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL STUDY THE FEASIBILITY OF ADOPTING AN ONLINE PORTAL SYSTEM THAT:

(A) ALLOWS LIQUOR LICENSE APPLICATIONS AND RENEWALS TO BE COMPLETED ONLINE;

(B) ALLOWS A LICENSEE TO HAVE AN ACCOUNT WHERE ALL RELEVANT LICENSE INFORMATION FOR ALL OF ITS LICENSES IS STORED; AND

(C) AT THE TIME OF RENEWAL, ENABLES A LICENSEE TO RENEW ITS LICENSE ONLINE BY UPLOADING ALL REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION.

(II) AS PART OF STUDYING THE FEASIBILITY OF AN ONLINE PORTAL SYSTEM, THE STUDY MUST INCLUDE:

(A) A PROPOSED TIMELINE FOR IMPLEMENTING THE SYSTEM;

(B) A PROPOSED REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL PROCESS FOR DEVELOPING THE SYSTEM; AND

(C) THE ESTIMATED COSTS OF DEVELOPING AND IMPLEMENTING THE SYSTEM.

(III) IN ADDITION, THE FEASIBILITY STUDY MUST INCLUDE A REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE OF LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

(b) BY MARCH 1, 2028, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL SUBMIT A REPORT TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FINANCE COMMITTEE AND THE SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE, OR THEIR SUCCESSOR COMMITTEES, ON THE FEASIBILITY OF DEVELOPING AND IMPLEMENTING AN ONLINE PORTAL SYSTEM. THE REPORT MUST INCLUDE THE ELEMENTS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (4)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION.

(c) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ADOPT RULES NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT AND ADMINISTER THIS SUBSECTION (4).

(d) THIS SUBSECTION (4) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2029.

SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-301, **amend** (2)(b), (3)(a)(II)(E), (3)(a)(II)(F), (8) introductory portion, (10)(c)(V), (11)(c)(II) introductory portion, (11)(d), and (11)(e)(I); and **add** (2)(d), (2)(e), (3)(a)(II)(G), (3)(a)(II)(H), (10)(g), and (13) as follows:

44-3-301. Licensing in general - rules - tastings - promotional association - educational classes. (2) (b) A local licensing authority ~~or the state~~ may DELEGATE ITS LICENSING AUTHORITY TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WHEN AN APPLICANT IS APPLYING FOR OR RENEWING A LICENSE TO SELL ALCOHOL BEVERAGES AT RETAIL FOR CONSUMPTION ON OR OFF A LICENSED PREMISES AND THE LICENSED PREMISES IS LOCATED on state-owned property. A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY deny the issuance of any new tavern or retail liquor store license whenever such authority determines that the issuance of the license would result in or add to an undue concentration of the same class of license and, as a result, require the use of additional law enforcement resources.

(d) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL APPROVE THE PROPOSED PREMISES FOR A DISTILLERY APPLYING PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-402, WHICH PREMISES INCLUDES UP TO TWO NONCONTIGUOUS LOCATIONS USED FOR MANUFACTURING SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS, OR A MODIFICATION OF THE LICENSED PREMISES OF A DISTILLERY LICENSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-402 TO INCLUDE UP TO TWO NONCONTIGUOUS LOCATIONS USED FOR MANUFACTURING SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS, IF THE ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO TAX AND TRADE BUREAU OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY HAS APPROVED THE DESCRIPTION AND DIAGRAM OF THE PROPOSED OR MODIFIED PREMISES. ADDITIONALLY, WITH THE INITIAL LICENSE APPLICATION THAT INCLUDES NONCONTIGUOUS

LOCATIONS WITHIN THE PROPOSED PREMISES OR A SUBSEQUENT APPLICATION TO MODIFY THE PREMISES TO INCLUDE NONCONTIGUOUS LOCATIONS, THE LICENSEE SHALL SUBMIT PROOF FROM THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY IN WHICH THE PREMISES IS LOCATED OF COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE ZONING, BUILDING, FIRE, AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS FOR OCCUPANCY AND OPERATION. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY, BY RULE, ESTABLISH A ONE-TIME APPLICATION FEE AND AN ANNUAL RENEWAL FEE, NEITHER OF WHICH MAY EXCEED FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS PER LOCATION, FOR APPLICATIONS UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (2)(d).

(e) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL APPROVE THE PROPOSED PREMISES FOR A BREWERY APPLYING PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-402, WHICH PREMISES INCLUDES UP TO TWO NONCONTIGUOUS LOCATIONS USED FOR MANUFACTURING MALT LIQUORS, OR A MODIFICATION OF THE LICENSED PREMISES OF A BREWERY LICENSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-402 TO INCLUDE UP TO TWO NONCONTIGUOUS LOCATIONS USED FOR MANUFACTURING MALT LIQUORS, IF THE ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO TAX AND TRADE BUREAU OF THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY HAS APPROVED THE DESCRIPTION AND DIAGRAM OF THE PROPOSED OR MODIFIED PREMISES. ADDITIONALLY, WITH THE INITIAL LICENSE APPLICATION THAT INCLUDES NONCONTIGUOUS LOCATIONS WITHIN THE PROPOSED PREMISES OR A SUBSEQUENT APPLICATION TO MODIFY THE PREMISES TO INCLUDE NONCONTIGUOUS LOCATIONS, THE LICENSEE SHALL SUBMIT PROOF FROM THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY IN WHICH THE PREMISES IS LOCATED OF COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE ZONING, BUILDING, FIRE, AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS FOR OCCUPANCY AND OPERATION. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY, BY RULE, ESTABLISH A ONE-TIME APPLICATION FEE AND AN ANNUAL RENEWAL FEE, NEITHER OF WHICH MAY EXCEED FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS PER LOCATION, FOR APPLICATIONS UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (2)(e).

(3) (a) (II) For purposes of this section, each of the following is considered a single business and location:

(E) A winery OR LIMITED WINERY licensed pursuant to section 44-3-402 or 44-3-403 that has noncontiguous locations included in the licensed premises; and

(F) ~~A festival at which more than one licensee participates pursuant to a festival permit.~~ A BREWERY LICENSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-402 THAT HAS NONCONTIGUOUS LOCATIONS INCLUDED IN THE LICENSED

PREMISES;

(G) A DISTILLERY LICENSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-402 THAT HAS NONCONTIGUOUS LOCATIONS INCLUDED IN THE LICENSED PREMISES; AND

(H) A FESTIVAL AT WHICH MORE THAN ONE LICENSEE PARTICIPATES PURSUANT TO A FESTIVAL PERMIT.

(8) Each licensee holding a fermented malt beverage AND WINE on-premises license or on- and off-premises license, beer and wine license, hotel and restaurant license, LODGING FACILITY LICENSE, tavern license, ~~lodging and~~ entertainment FACILITY license, club license, arts license, or racetrack license shall manage the premises ~~himself or herself~~ or employ a separate and distinct manager on the premises and shall report the name of the manager to the state and local licensing authorities. The licensee shall report any change in managers to the state and local licensing authorities within thirty days after the change. When a hotel and restaurant, LODGING FACILITY, tavern, or ~~lodging and~~ entertainment FACILITY licensee reports a change in manager to the state and local licensing ~~authority~~ AUTHORITIES, the licensee shall pay:

(10) (c) Tastings are subject to the following limitations:

(V) The licensee may conduct tastings only during the operating hours in which the licensee on whose premises the tastings occur is permitted to sell alcohol beverages, and in no case earlier than ~~11 a.m.~~ 10 A.M. or later than 9 p.m.

(g) (I) AN OFF-PREMISES RETAILER MAY CONDUCT A TASTING OF ALCOHOL BEVERAGES FROM THE OFF-PREMISES RETAIL LICENSEE'S EXISTING INVENTORY.

(II) OFF-PREMISES RETAILERS MAY HOLD TASTINGS, SUBJECT TO RESTRICTIONS AS TO THE SERVING SIZE OF ANY ONE SAMPLE AND OVERALL TOTAL AMOUNTS OF ALL ALCOHOL BEVERAGES THAT ARE TASTED. THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF ALCOHOL BEVERAGES TO BE SAMPLED AT A TASTING SHALL BE LIMITED TO, REGARDLESS OF THE NUMBER OF ITEMS BEING TASTED, NOT MORE THAN FOUR OUNCES OF MALT LIQUOR, FOUR OUNCES OF VINOUS LIQUOR, AND TWO OUNCES OF SPIRITUOUS LIQUOR PER CUSTOMER PER DAY.

(11) (c) (II) An association or licensed tavern, ~~lodging and~~ entertainment facility, LODGING FACILITY, hotel and restaurant, brew pub, distillery pub, retail gaming tavern, vintner's restaurant, beer and wine licensee, manufacturer or beer wholesaler that operates a sales room, or limited winery that wishes to create a promotional association may submit an application to the local licensing authority. To qualify for certification, the promotional association must:

(d) A person shall not attach a premises licensed under this article 3 to a common consumption area unless authorized by the local licensing authority. Any noncontiguous location included in the licensed premises of a winery, LIMITED WINERY, DISTILLERY, OR BREWERY licensed pursuant to section 44-3-402 or 44-3-403 that falls outside the approved boundaries of an entertainment district or a common consumption area authorized pursuant to this subsection (11) shall not be included as part of a certified promotional association or entertainment district even though the licensed premises of that winery, LIMITED WINERY, DISTILLERY, OR BREWERY is within the entertainment district.

(e) (I) A licensed tavern, ~~lodging and~~ entertainment facility, LODGING FACILITY, hotel and restaurant, brew pub, distillery pub, retail gaming tavern, vintner's restaurant, beer and wine licensee, manufacturer or beer wholesaler that operates a sales room, limited winery, or optional premises that wishes to attach to a common consumption area may submit an application to the local licensing authority. To qualify, the licensee must include a request for authority to attach to the common consumption area from the certified promotional association of the common consumption area unless the promotional association does not exist when the application is submitted. If ~~so~~ THE PROMOTIONAL ASSOCIATION EXISTS WHEN THE APPLICATION IS SUBMITTED, the applicant shall request the authority when a promotional association is certified and shall demonstrate to the local licensing authority that the authority has been obtained by the time the applicant's license issued under this article 3 is renewed.

(13) (a) A PERSON LICENSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-409 MAY HOLD EDUCATIONAL CLASSES PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (13) AND MAY CHARGE A FEE FOR THE EDUCATIONAL CLASSES IT HOLDS; EXCEPT THAT THE LICENSEE SHALL NOT CHARGE A FEE BY THE DRINK.

(b) A LICENSEE AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION (13) TO HOLD

EDUCATIONAL CLASSES SHALL NOT ALLOW CLASS PARTICIPANTS TO PARTICIPATE IN ANY OTHER TASTING EVENTS ON THE LICENSED PREMISES HELD ON THE SAME DAY AND SHALL IMPLEMENT A MEANS OF TRACKING HOW MANY SAMPLES EACH CLASS PARTICIPANT IS PROVIDED, WHICH MAY INCLUDE THE USE OF A WRISTBAND OR OTHER MEANS OF ACCURATELY TRACKING AN INDIVIDUAL CLASS PARTICIPANT'S CONSUMPTION.

(c) IN ORDER TO TEACH AN EDUCATIONAL CLASS PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (13), A CLASS INSTRUCTOR MUST HAVE SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE RESPONSIBLE ALCOHOL BEVERAGE VENDOR TRAINING PROVIDED IN SECTION 44-3-1002.

(d) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY LAW TO THE CONTRARY, A WHOLESALER OR MANUFACTURER MAY PROVIDE ALCOHOL BEVERAGES FOR AN EDUCATIONAL CLASS HELD BY A LICENSEE PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (13). SUCH ALCOHOL BEVERAGES MUST BE USED ONLY FOR THE SPECIFIC EDUCATIONAL CLASS FOR WHICH THE ALCOHOL BEVERAGES WERE PROVIDED. A WHOLESALER OR MANUFACTURER THAT PROVIDES ALCOHOL BEVERAGES FOR AN EDUCATIONAL CLASS SHALL REMOVE ALL UNOPENED PRODUCTS THAT REMAIN AT THE END OF THE CLASS. OPENED, UNFINISHED ALCOHOL BEVERAGES MAY BE USED BY THE LICENSEE ONLY AT A FUTURE EDUCATIONAL CLASS AND MUST BE LOCKED UP OFF THE SALES FLOOR.

(e) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY PROMULGATE RULES ESTABLISHING SAMPLE SIZE LIMITS AND TOTAL VOLUME LIMITS FOR EDUCATIONAL CLASSES HELD PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (13).

SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-302, **amend** (1)(a), (2)(b), (2)(d)(I), and (2)(d)(VIII); and **add** (3) as follows:

44-3-302. License renewal - rules. (1) (a) Ninety days before the expiration date of an existing license, the state licensing authority AND, FOR LICENSES ISSUED BY A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY, THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY shall notify the licensee of the expiration date by any method reasonably likely to actually notify the licensee. The state licensing authority shall promulgate rules setting the procedure FOR THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY to notify a licensee in accordance with this subsection (1)(a).

(2) (b) A state or local licensing authority shall not accept a late

renewal application more than ninety days after the expiration of a licensee's permanent annual OR BIENNIAL license. ~~Any~~ A licensee whose permanent annual OR BIENNIAL license has been expired for more than ninety days must apply for a new license pursuant to section 44-3-311 or a reissued license pursuant to subsection (2)(d) of this section.

(d) (I) Notwithstanding subsection (2)(b) of this section, with the permission of the licensing authority, a licensee whose permanent annual OR BIENNIAL license has been expired for more than ninety days but less than one hundred eighty days may submit to the local licensing authority, or to the state licensing authority in the case of a licensee whose alcohol beverage license is not subject to issuance or approval by a local licensing authority, an application for a reissued license. The licensing authority has the sole discretion to determine whether to allow a licensee to apply for a reissued license.

(VIII) (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (2)(d)(VIII)(B) OF THIS SECTION, if the state licensing authority approves the reissuance OF A LICENSE, the licensee ~~will maintain~~ MAINTAINS the same license period dates as if the license had been renewed prior to the expiration date.

(B) IF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY APPROVES THE REISSUANCE OF AN EXPIRED LICENSE THAT WAS A BIENNIAL LICENSE, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MUST REISSUE AN ANNUAL LICENSE INSTEAD OF A BIENNIAL LICENSE.

(3) (a) A PERSON LICENSED SOLELY BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 AND IN GOOD STANDING WITH THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY FILE AN APPLICATION WITH THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY TO RENEW THE LICENSE FOR A TWO-YEAR PERIOD. A PERSON LICENSED BY BOTH THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44 AND IN GOOD STANDING WITH BOTH THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AND A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY FILE AN APPLICATION AS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF THIS SECTION TO RENEW THE LICENSE FOR A TWO-YEAR PERIOD.

(b) A LICENSEE GRANTED A BIENNIAL LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (3) SHALL PAY THE APPLICABLE FEE REQUIRED BY SECTIONS 44-3-501 (1) AND (3) AND 44-3-505 (1) ANNUALLY AS FOLLOWS:

(I) THE FIRST PAYMENT MUST BE SUBMITTED WITH THE APPLICATION TO RENEW THE LICENSE FOR A TWO-YEAR PERIOD; AND

(II) THE SECOND PAYMENT MUST BE SUBMITTED BY A DATE SPECIFIED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THAT IS TWELVE MONTHS AFTER THE BIENNIAL LICENSE APPLICATION IS FILED.

(c) THIS SUBSECTION (3) APPLIES TO LICENSES ISSUED BY A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY ONLY IF THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR MUNICIPALITY WITH JURISDICTION OVER THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY ADOPTS AN ORDINANCE OR RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF BIENNIAL LICENSES.

(d) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADOPT RULES NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT AND ADMINISTER THIS SUBSECTION (3).

SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-303, **amend** (1)(b) as follows:

44-3-303. Transfer of ownership and temporary permits. (1) (b) When a license has been issued to ~~a husband and wife~~ SPOUSES, PARTNERS IN A CIVIL UNION, or to general or limited partners, the death of a spouse or partner ~~shall~~ DOES not require the surviving spouse or partner to obtain a new license. All rights and privileges granted under the original license ~~shall~~ continue in full force and effect as to ~~such~~ THE survivors for the balance of the license period.

SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-309, **amend** (1)(n); and **add** (1)(o) as follows:

44-3-309. Local licensing authority - applications - optional premises licenses. (1) A local licensing authority may issue only the following alcohol beverage licenses upon payment of the fee specified in section 44-3-505:

(n) ~~Lodging and~~ Entertainment FACILITY license;

(o) LODGING FACILITY LICENSE.

SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-311, **amend** (1)

as follows:

44-3-311. Public notice - posting and publication - definition.

(1) Upon receipt of an application, except an application for renewal or for transfer of ownership, ~~the~~ A local licensing authority ~~shall~~ MAY schedule a public hearing upon the application not less than thirty days ~~from~~ AFTER the date of the application and shall post and publish the public notice ~~thereof~~ OF THE HEARING not less than ten days prior to the hearing. IF A PUBLIC HEARING IS SCHEDULED, THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL GIVE public notice ~~shall be given by the~~ posting of a sign in a conspicuous place on the premises for which application has been made and by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the premises are located.

SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-401, **amend** (1)(w); and **add** (1)(y) and (1)(z) as follows:

44-3-401. Classes of licenses and permits - rules. (1) For the purpose of regulating the manufacture, sale, and distribution of alcohol beverages, the state licensing authority in its discretion, upon application in the prescribed form made to it, may issue and grant to the applicant a license or permit from any of the following classes, subject to the provisions and restrictions provided by this article 3:

(w) ~~Lodging and~~ Entertainment FACILITY license;

(y) LODGING FACILITY LICENSE;

(z) CATERING LICENSE.

SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-402, **amend** (7)(a) as follows:

44-3-402. Manufacturer's license - rules. (7) (a) (I) A manufacturer of spirituous liquors licensed pursuant to this section may conduct tastings and sell to customers spirituous liquors of its own manufacture on its licensed premises and at one other approved sales room location at no additional cost. A sales room location may be included in the license at the time of the original license issuance or by supplemental application. IF THE LICENSED PREMISES INCLUDES MULTIPLE

NONCONTIGUOUS LOCATIONS, THE MANUFACTURER MAY OPERATE A SALES ROOM ON ONLY ONE OF THOSE NONCONTIGUOUS LOCATIONS.

(II) A MANUFACTURER OF SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION THAT OPERATES A SALES ROOM MAY PURCHASE AND USE COMMON ALCOHOL MODIFIERS, INCLUDING VERMOUTH, AMAROS, AND LIQUEURS, TO COMBINE WITH SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS TO PRODUCE COCKTAILS FOR CONSUMPTION ON OR OFF THE SALES ROOM PREMISES. A MANUFACTURER THAT USES AN ALCOHOL MODIFIER PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (7)(a)(II) SHALL COMBINE THE MODIFIER WITH A SPIRITUOUS LIQUOR PRODUCED BY THE MANUFACTURER. A MANUFACTURER SHALL NOT SELL AN ALCOHOL MODIFIER THAT HAS NOT BEEN COMBINED WITH A SPIRITUOUS LIQUOR. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ADOPT RULES NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT AND ADMINISTER THIS SUBSECTION (7)(a)(II).

SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-404, **amend** (1)(c) as follows:

44-3-404. Festival permit - rules. (1) (c) If a festival permittee notifies the state licensing authority and the appropriate local licensing authority of the location of and dates of each festival at least thirty ~~business~~ CALENDAR days before holding the festival, the permittee may hold up to, but no more than, nine festivals during the twelve months after the festival permit is issued. Beginning January 1, 2024, a permittee may hold up to nine festivals during each calendar year.

SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-405, **repeal** (2) as follows:

44-3-405. Importer's license. (2) ~~It is unlawful for any licensed importer of vinous or spirituous liquors or any person, partnership, association, organization, or corporation interested financially in or with such a licensed importer to be interested financially, directly or indirectly, in the business of any vinous or spirituous wholesale licensee; except that any such financial interest that occurred on or before July 1, 1969, shall be lawful.~~

SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-407, **amend** (3); and **add** (1.5) as follows:

44-3-407. Wholesaler's license - discrimination in wholesale sales prohibited - rules. (1.5) (a) A LICENSED WHOLESALER MAY HOLD TRADE SHOW EVENTS TO ALLOW RETAILERS TO SAMPLE PRODUCTS ON THE WHOLESALER'S LICENSED PREMISES IN AN AREA DESIGNATED FOR TRADE SHOW EVENTS. A WHOLESALER SHALL NOT OPEN TRADE SHOW EVENTS TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

(b) (I) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (1.5)(b)(II) OF THIS SECTION, A WHOLESALER MAY HOLD A TRADE SHOW EVENT ON THE WHOLESALER'S LICENSED PREMISES.

(II) A WHOLESALER SHALL NOT HOLD A TRADE SHOW EVENT IN:

(A) THE DOCKING, DELIVERY, OR WAREHOUSE STORAGE AREAS OF THE LICENSED PREMISES, UNLESS THE WAREHOUSE IS A DESIGNATED AREA FOR A TRADE SHOW EVENT OR IS ISOLATED AND EXCLUDED FROM ONGOING BUSINESS ACTIVITY; OR

(B) A SALES ROOM DURING ANY TIME WHEN THE SALES ROOM IS OPEN TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

(c) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY PROMULGATE RULES IMPLEMENTING THIS SUBSECTION (1.5).

(3) It is unlawful for a licensed wholesaler of vinous or spirituous liquors or any person, partnership, association, organization, or corporation interested financially in or with such a wholesaler to be interested financially in the business of any licensed manufacturer ~~or importer~~ of vinous or spirituous liquors; except that any such financial interest that occurred on or before July 1, 1969, ~~shall be~~ is lawful.

SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-409, **amend** (2)(a)(I); and **add** (6), (7), and (8) as follows:

44-3-409. Retail liquor store license - rules - definitions. (2) (a) A person licensed under this section to sell malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors in a retail liquor store:

(I) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (6) OF THIS SECTION, shall purchase the malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors only from a wholesaler

licensed pursuant to this article 3; and

(6) (a) A SELLING LICENSEE MAY SELL OR OTHERWISE TRANSFER ALL OF THE LICENSEE'S ALCOHOL BEVERAGE INVENTORY TO ANOTHER LICENSED RETAIL LIQUOR STORE AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION (6).

(b) (I) THE SELLING LICENSEE MUST SELL ALL OF THE LICENSEE'S ALCOHOL BEVERAGE INVENTORY TO ONLY ONE ACQUIRING LICENSEE.

(II) IN DETERMINING THE COST OF THE ALCOHOL BEVERAGE INVENTORY, THE SELLING LICENSEE SHALL CHARGE, AND THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE MUST PAY, THE HIGHEST AMOUNT THE SELLING LICENSEE PAID FOR EACH ALCOHOL BEVERAGE IN THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE'S INVENTORY AT THE TIME THE INVENTORY IS ACQUIRED.

(c) BOTH THE SELLING LICENSEE AND THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE SHALL GIVE NOTICE TO THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES OF THE SALE OR TRANSFER OF THE INVENTORY NOT LESS THAN FIFTEEN DAYS BEFORE THE SALE OCCURS.

(d) (I) PRIOR TO ACCEPTING PAYMENT FROM AN ACQUIRING LICENSEE, THE SELLING LICENSEE SHALL NOTIFY ALL WHOLESALERS FROM WHICH THE SELLING LICENSEE PURCHASED ALCOHOL BEVERAGES WITHIN THE FOUR MONTHS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE OF THE SALE OR TRANSFER, INFORMING THE WHOLESALERS OF THE IMPENDING SALE OR TRANSFER.

(II) WITHIN FIFTEEN BUSINESS DAYS AFTER RECEIVING THE NOTICE SENT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(d)(I) OF THIS SECTION, A WHOLESALE SHALL NOTIFY THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE AND THE SELLING LICENSEE OF ANY OUTSTANDING DEBT OWED BY THE SELLING LICENSEE TO THE WHOLESALE FOR THE PRODUCTS BEING SOLD OR TRANSFERRED.

(III) IF AN ACQUIRING LICENSEE RECEIVES NOTICE OF AN OUTSTANDING DEBT OWED BY THE SELLING LICENSEE PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(d)(II) OF THIS SECTION, THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE SHALL FIRST SATISFY THE SELLING LICENSEE'S DEBT WITH THE WHOLESALE. THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE SHALL PAY ANY REMAINING MONEY OWED FOR THE PURCHASED INVENTORY AFTER PAYMENT HAS BEEN MADE TO ANY WHOLESALERS THAT NOTIFIED THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE IN A MANNER

CONSISTENT WITH THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE SELLING LICENSEE AND THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE.

(IV) IF A WHOLESALER FAILS TO PROVIDE NOTICE OF ANY INDEBTEDNESS OWED TO THE WHOLESALER BY THE SELLING LICENSEE WITHIN THE TIME SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (6)(d)(II) OF THIS SECTION, THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE IS EXCUSED OF ANY LIABILITY FOR THE OUTSTANDING DEBT THE SELLING LICENSEE OWES THE WHOLESALER.

(e) AT THE TIME THAT THE SELLING LICENSEE OFFERS ITS ALCOHOL BEVERAGE INVENTORY FOR SALE TO AN ACQUIRING LICENSEE, THE SELLING LICENSEE SHALL ALSO GIVE NOTICE TO ALL LICENSED WHOLESALERS OF THE OFFER, AND THE SELLING LICENSEE SHALL IMMEDIATELY, UPON GIVING NOTICE, CEASE TO PURCHASE ANY FURTHER PRODUCT FROM A LICENSED WHOLESALER.

(f) (I) AFTER THE SELLING LICENSEE'S ALCOHOL BEVERAGE INVENTORY IS PURCHASED, THE SELLING LICENSEE'S LICENSE IS CANCELED, INVALID, AND CONSIDERED TO HAVE BEEN SURRENDERED. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (6)(f)(II) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE OR A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL NOT ISSUE A NEW RETAIL LIQUOR STORE LICENSE AT THE LOCATION OF THE SELLING LICENSEE'S PREMISES OR WITHIN ONE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED FEET OF THE LICENSED PREMISES FOR THE FIVE YEARS IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE DATE THE LICENSE IS CANCELED, INVALIDATED, OR CONSIDERED SURRENDERED.

(II) THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES MAY APPROVE A TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP THAT ENABLES A NEW LICENSEE TO OPERATE AT THE SAME PREMISES IF THE CONDITIONS IN SUBSECTION (7) OF THIS SECTION ARE MET.

(7) (a) AN ACQUIRING LICENSEE MAY, SUBJECT TO APPROVAL FROM THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES AND THE LIMITATIONS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (4)(b)(III) OF THIS SECTION, OBTAIN THE RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSE OF A SELLING LICENSEE WHEN THE ALCOHOL BEVERAGE INVENTORY OF THE SELLING LICENSEE IS TRANSFERRED TO THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE IF:

(I) THE LICENSED PREMISES OF THE SELLING LICENSEE DOES NOT EXCEED TEN THOUSAND SQUARE FEET; AND

(II) THE ACQUISITION OF THE LICENSE IS APPROVED BY THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES FOR A CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 44-3-303.

(b) IF THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE OWNS MORE THAN ONE RETAIL LIQUOR STORE LICENSE, THE PURCHASED ALCOHOL BEVERAGE INVENTORY MAY BE PAID FOR BY THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE, AND THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE MAY ALLOCATE THE COST BETWEEN OR AMONG ALL OF THE RETAIL LIQUOR STORES OWNED BY THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE, SO LONG AS THE ALLOCATION OCCURS PRIOR TO OR AT THE TIME THE ALCOHOL BEVERAGE IS REMOVED FROM THE PREMISES OF THE SELLING LICENSEE.

(c) UPON ENTERING INTO AN AGREEMENT FOR THE SALE OF THE SELLING LICENSEE'S ALCOHOL BEVERAGE INVENTORY, THE SELLING LICENSEE AND THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE PENDING SALE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY, WHICH SHALL POST THE NOTICE ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

(d) THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE MUST TRANSPORT THE ALCOHOL BEVERAGE IT PURCHASED FROM THE SELLING LICENSEE AND MAY ONLY TRANSPORT THE ALCOHOL BEVERAGES TO THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE'S LICENSED PREMISES OR TO ONE OF THE OTHER LICENSED PREMISES OWNED BY THE ACQUIRING LICENSEE.

(8) AS USED IN THIS SECTION:

(a) "ACQUIRING LICENSEE" MEANS A LICENSED RETAIL LIQUOR STORE PURCHASING OR ATTEMPTING TO PURCHASE THE INVENTORY OF A SELLING LICENSEE.

(b) "SELLING LICENSEE" MEANS A LICENSED RETAIL LIQUOR STORE THAT IS SURRENDERING ITS LICENSE.

SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-410, **amend** (2)(b) as follows:

44-3-410. Liquor-licensed drugstore license - multiple licenses permitted - requirements - rules. (2) (b) A person licensed under this section on or after January 1, 2017, shall not purchase malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors from a wholesaler on credit and shall effect payment upon

delivery of the alcohol beverages. THE ACCEPTANCE AND USE OF AN ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER IS NOT AN EXTENSION OR ACCEPTANCE OF CREDIT AS PROHIBITED BY THIS SUBSECTION (2)(b) IF THE TRANSFER IS INITIATED ON OR BEFORE THE NEXT BUSINESS DAY AFTER THE DELIVERY OF THE MALT, VINOUS, OR SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.

SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-411, **amend** (2)(a) as follows:

44-3-411. Beer and wine license. (2) (a) Every person selling malt and vinous liquors as provided in this section shall purchase malt and vinous liquors only from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article 3; except that, during a calendar year, ~~any~~ A person selling malt and vinous liquors as provided in this section may purchase not more than ~~two~~ SEVEN thousand dollars' worth of malt and vinous liquors from retailers licensed pursuant to sections 44-3-409, 44-3-410, and 44-4-104 (1)(c). ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADJUST THE PURCHASE LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2)(a) FOR INFLATION AND SHALL PUBLISH THE ADJUSTED PURCHASE LIMITATION AMOUNT ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-413, **amend** (7)(b)(I) as follows:

44-3-413. Hotel and restaurant license - definitions - rules. (7) (b) (I) During a calendar year, a person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not more than ~~two~~ SEVEN thousand dollars' worth of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from retailers licensed pursuant to sections 44-3-409, 44-3-410, and 44-4-104 (1)(c). ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADJUST THE PURCHASE LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (7)(b)(I) FOR INFLATION AND SHALL PUBLISH THE ADJUSTED PURCHASE LIMITATION AMOUNT ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-414, **amend** (2)(a); and **repeal** (9) as follows:

44-3-414. Tavern license. (2) (a) Every person selling alcohol

beverages as provided in this section shall purchase alcohol beverages only from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article 3; except that, during a calendar year, a person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not more than two SEVEN thousand dollars' worth of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from retailers licensed pursuant to sections 44-3-409, 44-3-410, and 44-4-104 (1)(c). ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADJUST THE PURCHASE LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2)(a) FOR INFLATION AND SHALL PUBLISH THE ADJUSTED PURCHASE LIMITATION AMOUNT ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

~~(9) (a) At the time a tavern license is due for renewal or by one year after August 10, 2016, whichever occurs later, a tavern licensed under this section that does not have as its principal business the sale of alcohol beverages, has a valid license on August 10, 2016, and is a lodging and entertainment facility may apply to, and the applicable local licensing authority shall, convert the tavern license to a lodging and entertainment license under section 44-3-428, and the licensee may continue to operate as a lodging and entertainment facility licensee. If a tavern licensee does not have as its principal business the sale of alcohol beverages but is not a lodging and entertainment facility, at the time the tavern license is due for renewal or by one year after August 10, 2016, whichever occurs later, the licensee may apply to, and the applicable local licensing authority shall, convert the tavern license to another license under this article 3, if any, for which the person qualifies.~~

~~(b) A person applying under this subsection (9) to convert an existing tavern license to another license under this article 3 may apply to convert the license, even if the location of the licensed premises is within five hundred feet of any public or parochial school or the principal campus of any college, university, or seminary, so long as the local licensing authority has previously approved the location of the licensed premises in accordance with section 44-3-313 (1)(d).~~

SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-416, **amend** (2)(a) as follows:

44-3-416. Retail gaming tavern license. (2) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages as described in this section shall purchase the alcohol beverages only from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article

3; except that, during a calendar year, a person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not more than ~~two~~ SEVEN thousand dollars' worth of malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors from retailers licensed pursuant to sections 44-3-409, 44-3-410, and 44-4-104 (1)(c). ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADJUST THE PURCHASE LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2)(a) FOR INFLATION AND SHALL PUBLISH THE ADJUSTED PURCHASE LIMITATION AMOUNT ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-417, **amend** (3)(a) as follows:

44-3-417. Brew pub license - definitions. (3) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages pursuant to this section shall purchase alcohol beverages, other than those that are manufactured at the licensed brew pub, from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article 3; except that, during a calendar year, a person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not more than ~~two~~ SEVEN thousand dollars' worth of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from retailers licensed pursuant to sections 44-3-409, 44-3-410, and 44-4-104 (1)(c). ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADJUST THE PURCHASE LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (3)(a) FOR INFLATION AND SHALL PUBLISH THE ADJUSTED PURCHASE LIMITATION AMOUNT ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-418, **amend** (2)(a) as follows:

44-3-418. Club license - legislative declaration. (2) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section shall purchase the alcohol beverages only from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article 3; except that, during a calendar year, a person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not more than ~~two~~ SEVEN thousand dollars' worth of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from retailers licensed pursuant to sections 44-3-409, 44-3-410, and 44-4-104 (1)(c). ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADJUST THE PURCHASE LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2)(a) FOR INFLATION AND SHALL PUBLISH THE ADJUSTED PURCHASE LIMITATION AMOUNT ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT

DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-419, **amend** (1)(a) and (4)(a) as follows:

44-3-419. Arts license - definition. (1) (a) An arts license may be issued to any nonprofit arts organization that sponsors and presents productions or performances of an artistic or cultural nature, and the arts license permits the licensee to sell alcohol beverages only to patrons of the productions or performances for consumption on the licensed premises in connection with the productions or performances. ~~No person licensed pursuant to this section shall permit any exterior or interior advertising concerning the sale of alcohol beverages on the licensed premises~~ A LICENSEE MAY PLACE LIMITED ADVERTISING OF THE AVAILABILITY OF ALCOHOL BEVERAGES FOR SALE ON THE LICENSED PREMISES WHILE AN ARTISTIC OR CULTURAL PRODUCTION OR PERFORMANCE IS TAKING PLACE AND MAY INCLUDE THE LIMITED ADVERTISING IN E-MAIL, PRINT, RADIO, TELEVISION, AND SOCIAL MEDIA MARKETING ABOUT THE PRODUCTION OR PERFORMANCE, BUT THE AVAILABILITY OF ALCOHOL BEVERAGES MUST NOT BE THE PRIMARY FOCUS OF THE ADVERTISEMENT.

(4) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section shall purchase the alcohol beverages only from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article 3; except that, during a calendar year, a person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not more than ~~two~~ SEVEN thousand dollars' worth of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from retailers licensed pursuant to sections 44-3-409, 44-3-410, and 44-4-104 (1)(c). ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADJUST THE PURCHASE LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (4)(a) FOR INFLATION AND SHALL PUBLISH THE ADJUSTED PURCHASE LIMITATION AMOUNT ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-420, **amend** (2)(a) as follows:

44-3-420. Racetrack license. (2) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section shall purchase the alcohol beverages only from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article 3; except that, during a calendar year, a person selling alcohol beverages as provided in

this section may purchase not more than ~~two~~ SEVEN thousand dollars' worth of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from retailers licensed pursuant to sections 44-3-409, 44-3-410, and 44-4-104 (1)(c). ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADJUST THE PURCHASE LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2)(a) FOR INFLATION AND SHALL PUBLISH THE ADJUSTED PURCHASE LIMITATION AMOUNT ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

SECTION 23. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-422, **amend** (3)(a) as follows:

44-3-422. Vintner's restaurant license. (3) (a) Every person selling alcohol beverages pursuant to this section shall purchase the alcohol beverages, other than those that are manufactured at the licensed vintner's restaurant, from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article 3; except that, during a calendar year, a person may purchase not more than ~~two~~ SEVEN thousand dollars' worth of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from retailers licensed pursuant to sections 44-3-409, 44-3-410, and 44-4-104 (1)(c). ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADJUST THE PURCHASE LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (3)(a) FOR INFLATION AND SHALL PUBLISH THE ADJUSTED PURCHASE LIMITATION AMOUNT ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

SECTION 24. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-423, **amend** (2)(a)(X); and **add** (2)(a)(XI) as follows:

44-3-423. Removal of vinous liquor from licensed premises. (2) This section applies to a person:

(a) That is duly licensed as a:

(X) ~~Lodging and~~ Entertainment facility under section 44-3-428; and

(XI) A LODGING FACILITY UNDER SECTION 44-3-432; AND

SECTION 25. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-424, **amend** (2)(b) as follows:

44-3-424. Retail establishment permit - definitions. (2)(b) Upon

initial application, and for each renewal, ~~the~~ AN applicant must list each day that alcohol beverages will be served, which days must not be changed without a minimum of ~~fifteen~~ THIRTY days' written notice to the state and local licensing ~~authority~~ AUTHORITIES.

SECTION 26. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-426, **amend** (4)(b)(I) as follows:

44-3-426. Distillery pub license - legislative declaration - definition. (4) (b) (I) During a calendar year, a person selling alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not more than ~~two~~ SEVEN thousand dollars' worth of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from retailers licensed pursuant to sections 44-3-409, 44-3-410, and 44-4-104 (1)(c). ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADJUST THE PURCHASE LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (4)(b)(I) FOR INFLATION AND SHALL PUBLISH THE ADJUSTED PURCHASE LIMITATION AMOUNT ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

SECTION 27. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-428, **amend** (1), (2), (3)(a), (3)(b) introductory portion, and (4)(b); **repeal** (5); and **add** (6) and (7) as follows:

44-3-428. Entertainment facility license - repeal. (1) ~~A lodging and AN entertainment FACILITY license may be issued to a lodging and AN entertainment facility selling alcohol beverages by the drink only to customers for consumption on the premises. A lodging and AN entertainment facility licensee shall have sandwiches and light snacks available for consumption on the LICENSED premises during business hours but need not have meals available for consumption.~~

(2) (a) ~~A lodging and AN entertainment facility licensed to sell alcohol beverages as provided in this section shall purchase alcohol beverages only from a wholesaler licensed pursuant to this article 3; except that, during a calendar year, a lodging and AN entertainment facility licensed to sell alcohol beverages as provided in this section may purchase not more than two SEVEN thousand dollars' worth of malt, vinous, and spirituous liquors from retailers licensed pursuant to sections 44-3-409, 44-3-410, and 44-4-104 (1)(c). ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADJUST THE PURCHASE LIMITATION~~

SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2)(a) FOR INFLATION AND SHALL PUBLISH THE ADJUSTED PURCHASE LIMITATION AMOUNT ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

(b) ~~A lodging and~~ AN entertainment facility licensee shall retain evidence of each purchase of malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors from a retailer licensed pursuant to section 44-3-409, 44-3-410, or 44-4-104 (1)(c), in the form of a purchase receipt showing the name of the licensed retailer, the date of purchase, a description of the alcohol beverages purchased, and the price paid for the alcohol beverages. The ~~lodging and~~ entertainment facility licensee shall retain the receipt and make it available to the state and local licensing authorities at all times during business hours.

(3) (a) Except as provided in subsection (3)(b) of this section, it is unlawful for any owner, part owner, shareholder, or person interested directly or indirectly in ~~lodging and~~ entertainment FACILITY licenses to conduct, own either in whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly interested in any other business licensed pursuant to this article 3 or article 4 of this title 44.

(b) An owner, part owner, shareholder, or person interested directly or indirectly in ~~a lodging and~~ AN entertainment FACILITY license may have an interest in:

(4) (b) The manager for each ~~lodging and~~ LICENSED entertainment license FACILITY, the ~~lodging and~~ entertainment facility licensee, or an employee or agent of the ~~lodging and~~ entertainment facility licensee shall purchase alcohol beverages for one licensed premises only, and the purchases shall be separate and distinct from purchases for any other ~~lodging and~~ LICENSED entertainment license FACILITY.

(5) ~~At the time a tavern license issued under section 44-3-414 is due for renewal or by one year after August 10, 2016, whichever occurs later, a person licensed as a tavern that does not have as its principal business the sale of alcohol beverages, has a valid license on August 10, 2016, and is a lodging and entertainment facility may apply to, and the applicable local licensing authority shall, convert the tavern license to a lodging and entertainment license under this section, and the person may continue to operate as a lodging and entertainment facility licensee. A person applying to convert an existing tavern license to a lodging and entertainment license~~

~~under this subsection (5) may apply to convert the license, even if the location of the licensed premises is within five hundred feet of any public or parochial school or the principal campus of any college, university, or seminary, so long as the local licensing authority has previously approved the location of the licensed premises in accordance with section 44-3-313 (1)(d).~~

(6) (a) ON AND AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBSECTION (6), THE STATE OR A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL NOT ISSUE OR RENEW ANY LICENSES UNDER THIS SECTION TO A LODGING FACILITY.

(b) THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES SHALL TREAT ANY APPLICATION SUBMITTED ON OR BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION, AS AMENDED, BY A LODGING FACILITY FOR A LODGING AND ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY LICENSE OR RENEWAL LICENSE AS AN APPLICATION FOR A LODGING FACILITY LICENSE OR RENEWAL LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-432.

(c) ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBSECTION (6), EACH LODGING AND ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY LICENSE ISSUED UNDER THIS SECTION TO A LODGING FACILITY AUTOMATICALLY CONVERTS TO LODGING FACILITY LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-432.

(d) THE CONVERSION OF AN ENTERTAINMENT AND LODGING LICENSE ISSUED TO A LODGING FACILITY UNDER THIS SECTION TO A LODGING FACILITY LICENSE UNDER SECTION 44-3-432 PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (6) IS A CONTINUATION OF THE PRIOR LICENSE AND DOES NOT AFFECT:

(I) ANY PRIOR DISCIPLINE, LIMITATION, OR CONDITION IMPOSED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY ON A LICENSEE;

(II) THE DEADLINE FOR RENEWAL OF THE LICENSE; OR

(III) ANY PENDING OR FUTURE INVESTIGATION OR ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING.

(e) THIS SUBSECTION (6) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2026.

(7) (a) ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBSECTION (7), EACH

LODGING AND ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY LICENSE ISSUED UNDER THIS SECTION TO AN ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY AUTOMATICALLY CONVERTS TO AN ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY LICENSE.

(b) THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES SHALL TREAT ANY APPLICATION SUBMITTED ON OR BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION, AS AMENDED, BY AN ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY FOR A LODGING AND ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY LICENSE OR RENEWAL LICENSE AS AN APPLICATION FOR AN ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY LICENSE OR RENEWAL LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.

(c) THE CONVERSION OF A LODGING AND ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY LICENSE ISSUED TO AN ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY TO AN ENTERTAINMENT FACILITY LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION (7) IS A CONTINUATION OF THE PRIOR LICENSE AND DOES NOT AFFECT:

(I) ANY PRIOR DISCIPLINE, LIMITATION, OR CONDITION IMPOSED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY ON A LICENSEE;

(II) THE DEADLINE FOR RENEWAL OF THE LICENSE; OR

(III) ANY PENDING OR FUTURE INVESTIGATION OR ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDING.

(d) THIS SUBSECTION (7) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2026.

SECTION 28. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-429, **amend** (1)(j) and (1)(k); and **add** (1)(l) as follows:

44-3-429. Purchasing alcohol from a surrendered license of common ownership - definition. (1) This section applies to a person that has been issued the following license types:

(j) Distillery pub license under section 44-3-426; ~~or~~

(k) ~~Lodging and~~ Entertainment facility license under section 44-3-428; OR

(l) A LODGING FACILITY LICENSE UNDER SECTION 44-3-432.

SECTION 29. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 44-3-430, 44-3-431, and 44-3-432 as follows:

44-3-430. Alcohol beverage shipper license for wine direct shipping - rules - notice to revisor of statutes. (1) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ISSUE AN ALCOHOL BEVERAGE SHIPPER LICENSE TO AN ALCOHOL BEVERAGE SHIPPER THAT SHIPS VINOUS LIQUORS FOR A LICENSED WINERY THAT HOLDS A WINERY DIRECT SHIPPER'S PERMIT PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-104.

(2) A DRIVER DELIVERING ON BEHALF OF AN ALCOHOL BEVERAGE SHIPPER LICENSE SHALL NOT LEAVE A PACKAGE UNATTENDED ON A DOORSTEP AND SHALL CHECK THE RECIPIENT'S IDENTIFICATION TO ENSURE THAT THE INDIVIDUAL ACCEPTING DELIVERY IS THE INDIVIDUAL INTENDED TO RECEIVE THE PRODUCT AND IS NOT UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE OR VISIBLY INTOXICATED.

(3) IF AN ALCOHOL BEVERAGE SHIPPER VIOLATES THIS SECTION, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL BRING ACTION AGAINST THE ALCOHOL BEVERAGE SHIPPER'S LICENSE.

(4) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADOPT RULES NECESSARY TO ADMINISTER AND ENFORCE THIS SECTION.

(5) THIS SECTION TAKES EFFECT IF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY DETERMINES THAT THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION HAS SUFFICIENT LEGALLY AVAILABLE FUNDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THIS SECTION. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL NOTIFY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN WRITING OF THE DATE WHEN THE CONDITION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (5) HAS OCCURRED BY E-MAILING THE NOTICE TO REVISOR OF STATUTES.GA@COLEG.GOV. THIS SECTION TAKES EFFECT UPON THE DATE IDENTIFIED IN THE NOTICE THAT THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION HAS SUFFICIENT LEGALLY AVAILABLE FUNDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THIS SECTION OR, IF THE NOTICE DOES NOT SPECIFY THAT DATE, UPON THE DATE OF THE NOTICE TO THE REVISOR OF STATUTES.

44-3-431. Catering license - permitted events - private events - fees - rules - notice to revisor of statutes. (1) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ISSUE A CATERING LICENSE TO A CATERING COMPANY THAT

ALLOWS THE CATERING LICENSEE TO APPLY FOR TEMPORARY PERMITS TO SELL AND SERVE ALCOHOL BEVERAGES ON UNLICENSED PREMISES AT CATERED EVENTS. THE CATERING LICENSE IS VALID FOR ONE CALENDAR YEAR AND RENEWED ON AN ANNUAL BASIS.

(2) (a) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ESTABLISH A PROCESS FOR A CATERING LICENSEE TO OBTAIN A PERMIT TO CATER AN EVENT THAT MAY BE ATTENDED BY SIX HUNDRED OR MORE INDIVIDUALS. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ESTABLISH A PROCESS FOR A CATERING LICENSEE TO OBTAIN A PERMIT TO CATER AN EVENT THAT MAY BE ATTENDED BY FEWER THAN SIX HUNDRED INDIVIDUALS.

(b) A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ESTABLISH A PROCESS FOR A CATERING LICENSEE TO OBTAIN A PERMIT TO CATER AN EVENT THAT MAY BE ATTENDED BY SIX HUNDRED OR MORE INDIVIDUALS. IF A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY DOES NOT ESTABLISH A LOCAL CATERING PERMIT, AN APPLICANT NEED NOT OBTAIN A CATERING PERMIT FROM THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY.

(3) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN, ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S PUBLIC-FACING WEBSITE, A LISTING OF ALL CATERING LICENSES IN THE STATE. A CATERING LICENSEE SHALL SUBMIT INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY IN RULE.

(4) A CATERING LICENSEE SHALL NOT PERMIT AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER AND UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE TO SELL, DISPENSE, OR PARTICIPATE IN THE SALE OR DISPENSING OF AN ALCOHOL BEVERAGE, UNLESS THE INDIVIDUAL IS SUPERVISED BY ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL WHO IS ON THE UNLICENSED PREMISES AND IS TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER.

(5) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ADOPT RULES NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT AND ADMINISTER THIS SECTION.

(6) THIS SECTION TAKES EFFECT IF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY DETERMINES THAT THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION HAS SUFFICIENT LEGALLY AVAILABLE FUNDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THIS SECTION. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL NOTIFY THE REVISOR OF STATUTES IN WRITING OF THE DATE WHEN THE

CONDITION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (6) HAS OCCURRED BY E-MAILING THE NOTICE TO REVISOR OF STATUTES.GA@COLEG.GOV. THIS SECTION TAKES EFFECT UPON THE DATE IDENTIFIED IN THE NOTICE THAT THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION HAS SUFFICIENT LEGALLY AVAILABLE FUNDING FOR THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THIS SECTION OR, IF THE NOTICE DOES NOT SPECIFY THAT DATE, UPON THE DATE OF THE NOTICE TO THE REVISOR OF STATUTES.

44-3-432. Lodging facility license - rules. (1) A LODGING FACILITY LICENSE MAY BE ISSUED TO A LODGING FACILITY THAT SELLS ALCOHOL BEVERAGES BY THE DRINK ONLY TO CUSTOMERS FOR CONSUMPTION ON THE LICENSED PREMISES. A LODGING FACILITY'S LICENSED PREMISES DOES NOT INCLUDE THE FACILITY'S SLEEPING ROOMS. A LODGING FACILITY LICENSEE SHALL NOT PERMIT ALCOHOL BEVERAGES TO BE PURCHASED IN A SLEEPING ROOM, SERVE OR DELIVER ALCOHOL BEVERAGES TO A SLEEPING ROOM, OR ALLOW A MINIBAR, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 44-3-413 (4)(b), IN A SLEEPING ROOM.

(2)(a) A LODGING FACILITY LICENSED TO SELL ALCOHOL BEVERAGES AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION SHALL PURCHASE ALCOHOL BEVERAGES ONLY FROM A WHOLESALER LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 3; EXCEPT THAT, DURING A CALENDAR YEAR, A LODGING FACILITY LICENSED TO SELL ALCOHOL BEVERAGES AS PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION MAY PURCHASE NOT MORE THAN SEVEN THOUSAND DOLLARS' WORTH OF MALT, VINOUS, AND SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS FROM RETAILERS LICENSED PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 44-3-409, 44-3-410, AND 44-4-104 (1)(c). ON JANUARY 1, 2025, AND EACH JANUARY 1 THEREAFTER, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ADJUST THE PURCHASE LIMITATION SPECIFIED IN THIS SUBSECTION (2)(a) FOR INFLATION AND SHALL PUBLISH THE ADJUSTED PURCHASE LIMITATION AMOUNT ON THE LIQUOR ENFORCEMENT DIVISION'S WEBSITE.

(b) A LODGING FACILITY LICENSEE SHALL RETAIN EVIDENCE OF EACH PURCHASE OF MALT, VINOUS, OR SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS FROM A RETAILER LICENSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-409, 44-3-410, OR 44-4-104 (1)(c) IN THE FORM OF A PURCHASE RECEIPT SHOWING THE NAME OF THE LICENSED RETAILER, THE DATE OF PURCHASE, A DESCRIPTION OF THE ALCOHOL BEVERAGES PURCHASED, AND THE PRICE PAID FOR THE ALCOHOL BEVERAGES. THE LODGING FACILITY LICENSEE SHALL RETAIN THE RECEIPT AND MAKE IT AVAILABLE TO THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES AT ALL TIMES DURING BUSINESS HOURS.

(3) (a) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION, IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY OWNER, PART OWNER, SHAREHOLDER, OR PERSON INTERESTED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY IN LODGING FACILITY LICENSES TO CONDUCT, OWN EITHER IN WHOLE OR IN PART, OR BE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY INTERESTED IN ANY OTHER BUSINESS LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 3 OR ARTICLE 4 OF THIS TITLE 44.

(b) AN OWNER, PART OWNER, SHAREHOLDER, OR PERSON INTERESTED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY IN A LODGING FACILITY LICENSE MAY HAVE AN INTEREST IN:

(I) A LICENSE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 44-3-401 (1)(j) TO (1)(t), (1)(v), OR (1)(w); 44-3-412 (1); OR 44-4-104 (1)(c); OR

(II) A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION REFERRED TO IN SECTION 44-3-308 (4).

(4) THE MANAGER FOR EACH LICENSED LODGING FACILITY, THE LODGING FACILITY LICENSEE, OR AN EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF THE LODGING FACILITY LICENSEE SHALL PURCHASE ALCOHOL BEVERAGES FOR ONE LICENSED PREMISES ONLY, AND THE PURCHASES SHALL BE SEPARATE AND DISTINCT FROM PURCHASES FOR ANY OTHER LICENSED LODGING FACILITY.

(5) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ADOPT RULES NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT AND ADMINISTER THIS SECTION.

SECTION 30. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-501, **amend** (1) introductory portion, (1)(v), and (3)(a)(XVIII); **repeal** (1)(t); and **add** (1)(x), (3)(a)(XX), (3)(a)(XXI), (3)(a)(XXII), and (3)(a)(XXIII) as follows:

44-3-501. State fees - rules. (1) ~~The~~ AN applicant shall pay the following license and permit fees to the department annually in advance:

(t) ~~For each retail establishment permit, up to two hundred dollars;~~

(v) For each ~~lodging and~~ entertainment FACILITY license, seventy-five dollars;

(x) FOR EACH LODGING FACILITY LICENSE, SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

(3) (a) The state licensing authority shall establish fees for processing the following types of applications, notices, or reports required to be submitted to the state licensing authority:

(XVIII) Applications for the renewal of a license or permit issued in accordance with this article 3; and

(XX) APPLICATIONS FOR RETAIL ESTABLISHMENT PERMITS PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-424 AND RULES ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THAT SECTION;

(XXI) APPLICATIONS FOR A CATERING LICENSE AND CATERING PERMIT PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-431 AND RULES ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THAT SECTION;

(XXII) APPLICATIONS FOR EACH NONCONTIGUOUS MANUFACTURING FACILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-402 AND RULES ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THAT SECTION; AND

(XXIII) APPLICATIONS FOR AN ALCOHOL BEVERAGE SHIPPER LICENSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-430 AND RULES ADOPTED PURSUANT TO THAT SECTION.

SECTION 31. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-505, **amend** (1)(p); and **add** (1)(r) as follows:

44-3-505. Local license fees. (1) The applicant shall pay the following license fees to the treasurer of the municipality, city and county, or county where the licensed premises is located annually in advance:

(p) For each ~~lodging~~ and entertainment FACILITY license, five hundred dollars;

(r) FOR EACH LODGING FACILITY LICENSE, FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS.

SECTION 32. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-601, **amend** (1)(a); and **add** (10) as follows:

44-3-601. Suspension - revocation - annual renewal - fines - investigative fees - rules. (1) (a) (I) Subject to subsection (8) of this

section, in addition to any other penalties prescribed by this article 3 or article 4 or 5 of this title 44, the state or any local licensing authority has the power, on its own motion or on complaint, after investigation and public hearing at which the licensee shall be afforded an opportunity to be heard, to TAKE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS FOR ANY VIOLATION BY A LICENSEE, OR BY ANY OF THE AGENTS, SERVANTS, OR EMPLOYEES OF THE LICENSEE, OF THIS ARTICLE 3, ANY RULES AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE 3, OR ANY OF THE TERMS, CONDITIONS, OR PROVISIONS OF THE LICENSE OR PERMIT ISSUED BY SUCH AUTHORITY:

(A) Fine a licensee; ~~or to~~

(B) REQUIRE ANNUAL RENEWAL OF A LICENSE; OR

(C) Suspend or revoke, in whole or in part, any license or permit issued by such authority. ~~for any violation by the licensee or by any of the agents, servants, or employees of the licensee of this article 3; any rules authorized by this article 3; or any of the terms, conditions, or provisions of the license or permit issued by such authority.~~

(II) A licensing authority may impose a fine pursuant to this subsection (1) regardless of whether a licensee has petitioned the licensing authority pursuant to subsection (3)(a) of this section for permission to pay a fine in lieu of license or permit suspension, and the licensing authority need not make the findings specified in subsections (3)(a)(I) and (3)(a)(II) of this section.

(10) (a) If A LICENSEE WITH A BIENNIAL LICENSE IS FOUND TO HAVE VIOLATED THIS ARTICLE 3, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL REQUIRE THE LICENSEE TO RENEW ITS LICENSE ANNUALLY.

(b) A LICENSEE MAY REAPPLY TO RENEW ITS LICENSE BIENNIALY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-3-302 (3) AFTER TWO YEARS WITHOUT ANY VIOLATIONS.

SECTION 33. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-901, **amend** (6)(b)(II), (6)(c), (6)(i)(I), and (6)(p)(II); and **add** (6)(q) as follows:

44-3-901. Unlawful acts - exceptions - definitions. (6) It is unlawful for any person licensed to sell at retail pursuant to this article 3 or

article 4 of this title 44:

(b) To sell, serve, or distribute any malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors at any time other than the following:

(II) In sealed containers, beginning at 8 a.m. until 12 midnight each day; ~~except that no malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors shall be sold, served, or distributed in a sealed container on Christmas day;~~

(c) To sell fermented malt beverages:

(I) To any person under ~~the age of~~ twenty-one years OF AGE, except as provided in section 18-13-122; OR

(II) To any person between the hours of 12 midnight and 8 a.m.; ~~or~~

(III) ~~In a sealed container on Christmas day;~~

(i) (I) To sell malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors or fermented malt beverages in a place where the alcohol beverages are to be consumed, unless the place is a hotel, A restaurant, A tavern, ~~lodging and~~ AN entertainment facility, A LODGING FACILITY, A racetrack, A club, A retail gaming tavern, or AN arts licensed premises or unless the place is a dining, club, or parlor car; A plane; A bus; or other conveyance or facility of a public transportation system.

(p) (II) If licensed as a tavern under section 44-3-414 that does not regularly serve meals or ~~a lodging and~~ AN entertainment facility under section 44-3-428 that does not regularly serve meals, to permit an employee who is under twenty-one years of age to sell malt, vinous, or spirituous liquors; or

(q) TO KNOWINGLY PERMIT THE ILLEGAL SALE, OR NEGOTIATIONS FOR THE SALE, OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 18-18-102 (5), ON THE LICENSEE'S LICENSED PREMISES. THIS SUBSECTION (6)(q) DOES NOT PROHIBIT A PHARMACY LICENSED BY THE STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY TO SELL LAWFULLY PRESCRIBED CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES AT A LIQUOR-LICENSED DRUGSTORE.

SECTION 34. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-3-911, **amend**

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(6)(a)(I) and (6)(a)(II) as follows:

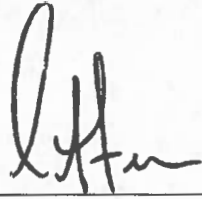
44-3-911. Takeout and delivery of alcohol beverages - permit - on-premises consumption licenses - requirements and limitations - rules - definition - repeal. (6) (a) (I) This section authorizes a license holder that is issued a license under one of the following sections to sell an alcohol beverage to a customer for consumption off of the licensed premises: Section 44-3-402 that operates a sales room or section 44-3-407 that operates a sales room or section 44-3-411, 44-3-413, 44-3-414, 44-3-417, 44-3-418, 44-3-422, 44-3-426, 44-3-428, ~~44-3-432~~, 44-4-104 (1)(c)(I)(A), or 44-4-104 (1)(c)(III).

(II) This section authorizes a license holder that is issued a license under one of the following sections to deliver an alcohol beverage to a customer for consumption off of the licensed premises: Section 44-3-411, 44-3-412, 44-3-413, 44-3-414, 44-3-415, 44-3-416, 44-3-417, 44-3-418, 44-3-419, 44-3-420, 44-3-421, 44-3-422, 44-3-426, ~~or 44-3-428, or 44-3-432.~~

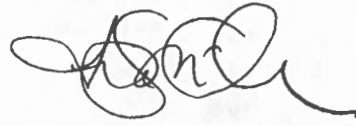
SECTION 35. Appropriation. For the 2024-25 state fiscal year, \$5,000 is appropriated to the department of revenue for use by the liquor and tobacco enforcement division. This appropriation is from the liquor enforcement division and state licensing authority cash fund created in section 44-6-101, C.R.S. To implement this act, the division may use this appropriation for operating expenses.

SECTION 36. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in

November 2024 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.



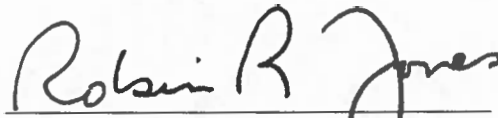
Steve Fenberg
PRESIDENT OF
THE SENATE



Julie McCluskie
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

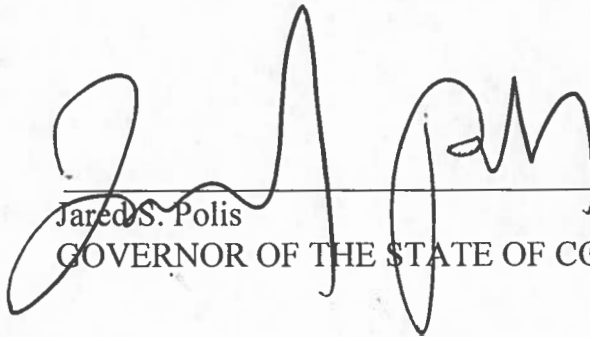


Cindi L. Markwell
SECRETARY OF
THE SENATE



Robin Jones
CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

APPROVED Saturday May 18th 2024 at 10:30 Am
(Date and Time)



Jared S. Polis
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF COLORADO



FUTURE TOWN BOARD MEETINGS

September 30, 2024	Canceled for the 5 th Monday
October 5, 2024 (Saturday)	Budget: Operating Requests
October 7, 2024	Canceled for the 1 st Monday
October 14, 2024 5:30 p.m.	Town Board Work Session Board/Manager/Attorney Monthly Meeting Compensation Study Overview and Presentation
October 14, 2024 7:00 p.m.	Town Board Regular Meeting Executive Session Open Space
October 21, 2024 5:30 p.m.	Town Board Work Session Potential Special Meeting – Executive Session Larimer County Sales Tax Development Map Strategic Plan Results Land Use Legislative Updates
October 28, 2024 5:30 p.m.	Town Board Work Session Metro/Special District 101 Discussion Grocery Sales Tax Follow-up Discussion
October 28, 2024 7:00 p.m.	Town Board Regular Meeting
November 4, 2024 5:30 p.m.	Town Board Work Session Budget: Utility Rates for 2025 SB 131: Prohibiting Firearms in Sensitive Spaces Discussion
November 11, 2024	Canceled for Veteran's Day Holiday
November 18, 2024 5:30 p.m.	Town Board Work Session Budget Wrap-up/Revisions Windsor Severance Fire Rescue Impact Fees Update
November 25, 2024 5:30 p.m.	Town Board Work Session
November 25, 2024 7:00 p.m.	Town Board Regular Meeting
December 2, 2024 5:30 p.m.	Town Board Work Session

December 9, 2024 5:30 p.m.	Town Board Work Session Board/Manager/Attorney Monthly Meeting Vision Zero Plan Update
December 9, 2024 7:00 p.m.	Town Board Regular Meeting
December 16, 2024	Canceled
December 23, 2024	Canceled
December 30, 2024	Canceled

Future Work Session Topics

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- Water 101 (January)